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THE MORNING STAR.

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VOL. LXVII.—NO. 98. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 17. 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,425

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

South Carolina Legislature re-elected Tillman U. S. Senator. —— The 36th volunteer infantry will sail from Manila for San Francisco January 25th. —— Several of the crew of a British steamer in hospital at Hull, Eng., are believed to have the plague. —— Alvord, defaulting bank teller, New York, sentenced to thirteen years imprisonment. —— J. P. Mason, teller of the Continental National Bank, New York, arrested, charged with robbing the bank of $13,000 —— The House passed the River and Harbor bill. —— In the Senate the Army Reorganization bill was discussed; a vote is to be taken on the measure Friday. —— Montana Legislature elected Wm. A. Clark U. S. Senator. —— Norman McKinney, negro, lynched in Florida for wrecking a train on the Plant system; he implicated two other negroes, who will be lynched if caught. —— Great Britain will not accept the amendments to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. —— The defence closes its case in the trial of the three men accused of the murder of Jennie Boschieter at Paterson, New Jersey. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent.; Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent; cotton dull, middling uplands 9¼c; flour was weak and inactive; wheat—spot weak, No. 2 red 79¢ f. o. b.; corn—spot easy, No. 2 46c; oats—spot quiet, No. 2 30½c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine dull at 40@40½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 16.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 49 degrees; 8 P. M., 57 degrees; maximum, 66 degrees; minimum, 47 degrees; mean, 52 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .1.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M., 8.4 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—For North Carolina—Generally fair Thursday; colder; decidedly so in central and western portions; northwesterly winds; brisk on the coast; Friday probably fair.

Port Almanac—January 17.

Sun Rises	7.08 A. M.
Sun Sets	5 13 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 05 M.
High Water at Southport	5 00 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	7.30 P. M.

Agoncillo may be somewhat backward, but he knows a soft snap when he has it, and declines to go from Paris to Hong Kong on the order of Aguinaldo.

The North Carolina Experiment Station insists that eggs should be sold by weight instead of by the dozen, and there is much weight in the reasons it gives, too.

When Senator Hawley finds it difficult to reply to remarks on the Philippine business he calls them treasonable. If the Hawley method prevailed discussions on rackets this country might get into would be decidedly lopsided.

That eight-year-old, 4-foot, 10-inch high—251-pound boy, Grover Allen, of Anderson, Indiana, who was adding to his weight at the rate of ten pounds a month, is dead. He accumulated to much fat about the heart.

Jack Cudahy seems to enjoy the distinction of being the daisy dandy of Kansas City. He has so many clothes that it costs him fifty dollars a month to keep them cleaned and pressed. He is the fellow the kidnappers should have gone for.

The silk manufacturing industry is growing in this country and now gives employment to 30,000 people, but notwithstanding we imported last year $25,000,000 worth of silks and $18,000,000 worth of raw silk and cocoons from Japan and China.

Last year was a bad one for the fire insurance companies. The losses by fire in this country and Canada amounted to $163,362,250, against $136,773,200 for 1889 and $119,650,500 for 1898. The majority of these fires were doubtless the result of carelessness.

A mass meeting was recently held in Barcelona, Spain, to urge the Government to abolish bull fighting festivities. Old Spain is waking up, but she will be fortunate, should she do this, if some fellow doesn't come along and introduce prize fighting and foot ball as substitutes.

Maximite is the name of a new explosive, the concoction of Hudson Maxim, which may be safely burned or melted like wax, or fired through a ship's armor plate, but when exploded in a shell has a rending force of 500,000 pounds to the square inch. A test at Sandy Hook blew a twelve-inch steel shell into more than 7,000 pieces.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Wilmington Lodge No. 139, I. O. O. F., will confer degrees on a dozen members to-night.

— The alarm of fire from box 46, Third and Nun streets, this morning at 12.14 o'clock was false.

— The Howard Relief Company will hold a meeting Monday night to discuss plans for the celebration of its anniversary.

— Among those returning last evening from Raleigh were Col. Walker Taylor and Messrs. N. F. Parker and Tom A. Shepard.

— The Ladies' Concordia Society of the Temple of Israel will give a charity ball in the Masonic Temple ball room on next Tuesday night.

— The Jacobi-David bridal party was charmingly entertained Tuesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. Bluethenthal, No. 11 North Sixth street.

— Cherokee Tribe No. 9, Improved Order of Red Men, will raise up to their respective stumps to-night the chiefs who were recently elected by the tribe.

— The postponed annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company is set for noon to day at the offices of the company in this city.

— The STAR is requested to announce that all Confederate veterans, whether members of Cape Fear Camp or not, are invited to join the parade and attend the ceremonies on Lee's birthday.

— Coming attractions at the Opera House are "The Young Wife," an amusing comedy production, on Monday, January 28th, and the famous tragedian, Creston Clark, in a Shakespearean play, on February 4th.

— The Howard military students are prepared to commemorate General Lee's birthday on next Friday morning in their school rooms, where an interesting programme, which they have prepared, will be rendered.

— Rev. J. J. Porter, the pastor, is conducting a series of revival meetings at Bladen Street Methodist Church each night at 7.45 o'clock. He has been assisted this week by Rev. David G. McDuffie, of Bladen county.

— Mr. George S. Sumlin has an interesting show window device on exhibition at the store of Mr. J. H. Thomas on North Fourth street. A dummy of a typical Southern farmer by a mechanical device is made to smoke a pipe as naturally as if it were alive.

— The team of twenty-five Wilmington Odd Fellows, whose names were given in the STAR yesterday morning, left for Chadbourn yesterday afternoon and exemplified the initiatory ceremonies to the new lodge instituted there by Grand Master Jacobi.

— The committee in charge of raising a fund for the purchase of a bell for the Second Advent Church has secured about $30 of the $60 or $75 needed for this purpose. The committee consists of Rev. J. P. King, Messrs. E. Horton, George H. James, E. L. Price and W. J. Reaves.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Rice's Goose Grease Liniment.
King Grocery Co.—Announcement
J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Fine confect'ry

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. Robert Scott is visiting at Rocky Point.

— Miss Mary Cox, of Magnolia, is visiting the family of Capt. H. O. McArthur.

— Miss Nessie Wescott left yesterday for Richmond to visit her sister, Mrs. E. M. Fry.

— Mrs. T. J. Gillerlain left last night for Portsmouth, whither she was summoned by a telegram announcing the illness of her husband.

— Fayetteville *Observer*, 16th: "Col. W. J. Crosswell, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Crosswell, Jr., Mr. H. M. Crosswell and Mr. Crosswell Ragin arrived to day from Wilmington to attend the funeral of Mr. James Crosswell."

— Mrs. Andrew Moreland arrived Tuesday from Charleston to join her husband, who is cashier of the Atlantic National Bank. Mr. Moreland and family are residing at Mrs. Lilly's, corner of Orange and Fifth streets.

Paid $3,000 Insurance.

Cornelius Harnett Council, No. 231, Royal Arcanum, through its treasurer, Mr. I. L. Greenewald, paid yesterday to the heirs of the lamented Mr. Joshua G. Wright, who died on December 30th, $3,000, the amount of insurance carried on the life of the deceased. The Royal Arcanum prides itself on quickness to pay death claims and the one in question was settled in exceptionally short time, only seventeen days. It has a sinking fund of $1,200,000, and from 1879 up to the present date Cornelius Harnett Council has paid in benefits to citizens of Wilmington $126,000. During that time there have been forty-two deaths.

Death of an Infant.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard P. McClammy have the profound sympathy of many friends in the death of their infant son, Charles Price, which occurred yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. His age was about three months and he died of pneumonia. The funeral will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon from the residence, No. 6 Castle street, with interment in Oakdale Cemetery.

IN SPECIAL SESSION.

Board of Aldermen Met Last Night at 8 O'clock in the City Hall.

THE STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Extended Discussion of an Apparent Lack of Funds in That Department Nearly Crowded Out Consideration of City Charter Re-draft.

An hour's discussion relative to an alleged approaching deficit in the annual and extra appropriations for the permanent and regular street improvement delayed consideration of the re draft of the city charter by the Board of Aldermen at its special meeting held primarily for this purpose last night, and an adjournment was not had until near midnight.

The discussion was provoked by the reading by Mayor Waddell of a communication from Mr. H. C. McQueen, chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance, in which he stated that the body over which he presided, had refused to allow the rebates paid by property owners along the sections on Princess and Market streets which were recently paved, to be re-applied to the appropriation for streets and wharves, but that the same would be used otherwise in defraying the expenses of the city. Mr. McQueen also informed the Aldermen that only $3,900 was left unexpended of the Streets and Wharves' appropriation. He further stated that all the fiscal appropriations under ordinary conditions would aggregate $180,000 until the close of the year; whereas, the City Clerk and Treasurer estimates that the income from all sources will be only about $175,000, and the money will necessarily not be available.

Alderman MacRae, chairman of the Streets and Wharves Committee, thought it manifestly unjust to let the matter come up at the last moment, and stated that he thought he was quite sure that he had had assurances from the Finance Board that the $4,000 paid by property owners as their pro rata share for the paving of these streets and for work in other sections of the city, for sand, etc., would revert to the fund for permanent street improvements.

Alderman Taylor, a member of the committee, detailed the work in the permanent street improvement and questioned the accuracy of the figures submitted, at the same time giving figures of his own which he said he thought would more nearly approximate the condition. Assuming the correctness of the figures presented by Mr. McQueen, he said that the $4,000 refused the street improvement was a net earning made by the committee and rightfully belonged to it. The Streets and Wharves committee, he said had not overdrafted its appropriations but other committees had done so and it appeared that the Finance Board wanted to put the burden upon his committee.

Mr. MacRae again spoke on the question and said that it would practically amount to a suspension of the permanent street improvement and the throwing out of employment of about one hundred trained men, to say nothing of damage to the quarry by reason of cessation of operation.

Alderman Worth stated that it mattered not where the $4,000 was applied—it was simply a question of bookkeeping—and the real question was how the deficit could be met. The assessment at the beginning of the fiscal year was made with the expectancy of having between $12,000 and $13,000 surplus and this has now been used up in extra appropriations. Aldermen Springer expressed the same opinion and thought the Finance Board perfectly sincere—the means were simply not at hand.

Mr. MacRae injected ginger into the discussion by the intimation that the Finance Board had paid certain notes bearing interest at 5 per cent. for road machinery, which need not have been paid by this administration and which came out of this year's street and wharves appropriation. Inquiry of the Clerk and Treasurer developed the truth of the intimation and members of the committee rather sharply criticised the Board for apparently taking this action without apprising them of the same.

There was next some delay in wording a motion to meet the case and one by Alderman Hanby with second by Alderman Spencer, prevailed, which is in effect that the Board of Audit and Finance be requested to reconsider its action with reference to an application of the $4,000, with assurance by the Aldermen that they will agree in joining the board in the negotiation of a loan to meet any discrepancy that may exist.

Mr. H. C. McQueen, chairman of the Sinking Fund, presented his annual statement and also a comparative statement of the status of the fund since 1895. It shows an accumulation of $76,211.87 since 1895 and a saving of interest annually amounting to $4,934.

The chief of police was instructed to enforce the ordinance relative to the moving back of a fence at the southwest corner of Third and Grace streets, Aldermen Springer and Spencer voting against the measure in the shape presented.

Income tax on $1,000 was ordered refunded to Mr. A. H. Brenner.

Dan Benton was granted license to retail liquor at No. 5 South Second street.

The resignation of Janitor R. A. Benson was read and accepted, but no successor to him was elected.

The redraft of the city charter was next taken up, but consideration of it could not be finished at the session and an adjournment was taken until 7.30 o'clock this evening, when the Board would be glad to have any citizen interested to appear before the meeting and make any suggestions he may see proper regarding the same.

City Attorney Meares, who prepared the redraft, went over each section, explaining only the sections which differ from the present charter, and members of the board were allowed to enter any objection which they saw fit.

Alderman Spencer contended that it should be read and passed upon by sections, but this was overruled. Only 51 of the 122 sections in the charter were considered last night and one of these—that providing for a recorder—was stricken out. The others were approved with a few minor alterations, where there might be possible ambiguity or otherwise the meaning might not have been clearly manifest.

There was about half an hour's discussion of Section 39, which relates to the recorder. Mayor Waddell and Alderman Springer objected strenuously to it on the grounds that the exigencies for some years to come do not seem to require it. The motion to strike out was made by Alderman Springer and seconded by Alderman Spencer, who asked an aye and nay vote on the question. The result of the vote was: Aye—Littleton, Spencer, Hanby, Worth and Springer. Those voting in the affirmative were MacRae, Taylor, West and Woolard. Alderman Parker was absent.

ROBT. E. LEE'S BIRTHDAY

Will Be Fittingly Celebrated Next Saturday—Line of March and Exercises at the Opera House Announced.

All indications point to a great celebration in Wilmington next Saturday, the occasion being the anniversary of General Robert E. Lee's birthday, and it will no doubt excel any held heretofore. Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, is the moving spirit in this memorable celebration and with the co operation of the Veterans, they have arranged a programme of exercises entirely worthy of the occasion. General Lee's birthday is a legal holiday and it is urged that all the merchants close their places of business for several hours in the afternoon at least, in order to allow their employes to take their places in the line of march or to attend the exercises at the Opera House. The parade will be one of the most important features of the afternoon and its success will depend largely upon the closing of places of business, so that the clerks and other employes can get off.

Capt. James I. Metts, chief marshal of the occasion, announces that the procession will form on Market street in front of the Wilmington Light Infantry armory and March promptly at 3 o'clock P. M., with the right resting on Fourth street. The line of march will be down Market to Third street, down Third to Nun; down Nun to Front; up Front to Princess and up Princess to the Opera House to attend the exercises. The following order will be observed:

Cordon of Police.
Capt Metts with his aides on horseback.
Second Regiment Band.
Cape Fear Camp No. 254, U. C. V. and other veterans.
George Davis Camp No. 50, U. S. C. V., and other sons of veterans.
Wilmington Light Infantry.
Wilmington Division Naval Reserves.
Col. Walker Taylor's Brigade.
Howell's Military Academy Cadets.

Captain Metts has not yet announced his aides, but he will likely do so today.

The following programme, which was arranged by Col. W. J. Woodward, will be observed at the Opera House:

Prayer, by Comrade Bishop Watson.
Music.
Oration, by Comrade Eugene S. Martin.
Music.
Reading of General Lee's "Farewell Address," by Comrade Capt. James I. Metts.
Presentation of the Cross of Honor, by Mrs. Meares.
Response, by Comrade Col. John D. Taylor.
"Old North State."
"Dixie."

After the exercises in the Opera House, the Daughters of the Confederacy will serve refreshments in the City Hall to the veterans.

Immigration of Colored People.

Tuesday, January 22nd, at 8 P. M. is the day and St. Luke's A. M. E. Zion church the place for the union meeting of the various colored congregations and of citizens who may choose to attend, both white and colored, for the purpose of considering the advisability of a wholesale exodus of negroes from Wilmington and the South to New York and other cities. The question will be answered negatively in an address by Rev. S. P. W. Drew, president of the Lincoln Employment Bureau, Brooklyn, N. Y., and Rev. Drew also hopes to have short talks about the matter from Rev. Dr. Blackwell, Rev. A. D. McClure and Rev. John H. Hall, pastors of white congregations in the city.

Died Away from Home.

The STAR regrets to announce the death of Mrs. M. F. Melson, which occurred yesterday morning at the residence of Mrs. Georgiana A. Pittman, a relative of the deceased, No. 807 South Fifth street. Mrs. Melson's home was at Conway, S. C., but she had been here on a visit. Her son, Mr. J. P. Melson, Jr., arrived yesterday from Conway and returned home yesterday afternoon with the remains. The funeral will be conducted to-day.

THE COUNTY SCHOOL FUND.

Commissioners Raise Question of Withdrawing Revenue of Liquor Licenses from It—The Apportionment.

The semi annual apportionment of the county school fund by the New Hanover Board of School Directors, which was delayed from last Monday on account of a contention raised by the County Commissioners that a part of the whiskey revenue usually paid into the school fund should be applied to other expenses of the county, was made yesterday, the Commissioners, having temporarily abandoned their claim to the fund until the matter is tested in the courts, which will be done next week when the question will be presented for discussion to Judge Hoke, who will preside over the term of New Hanover Superior Court.

The amount involved is more than $5,000 annually, this being the sum usually derived by the county from liquor licenses and which has gone into the school fund without question until now, for some twenty five years. The Commissioners contend that the sale of liquor in the county increases the Criminal Court expenses and the revenue derived from this source should be applied to a reduction of the same. The State surrenders its revenue from this source to the school fund and the school authorities claim that the county should do likewise as is the custom with practically all other counties in North Carolina.

The following is the apportionment made yesterday, the directors having taken a recess from day to day since Monday:

Wilmington (1st district)	$ 7,957.25
Wilmington (2nd district)	8,115 55
Cape Fear Township	800 09
Federal Point Township	449 82
Masonboro Township	533 00
Harnett Township	2,102.64
Contingent fund	900.00
Total	$20,858.35

The apportionment is, of course, made with respect to the school census in the several townships and districts.

THE KING GROCERY COMPANY.

It Has Been Sold to Mr. J. S. Middleton, Formerly Chief Clerk.

Mr. Joseph S. Middleton has purchased the stock of goods and good will of the King Grocery Company, near Fourth street bridge, and will in the future conduct the business in his own name and along the same lines that have been in vogue at the store during the past years of its successful existence. Mr. John T. Sholar, formerly managing member of the company, retires from the business on account of his health and his not being able to give the strict attention to its details which he would like. He will rest for a week or two and engage in other business.

Mr. Middleton is a young man of splendid business ability and has been head clerk in the store for several years. He will employ about the same clerical force as before and the STAR predicts for the new firm a long and successful career.

CAROLINA INSURANCE COMPANY.

Annual Meeting Held Yesterday at Noon. Reports of Officers, Etc.

The annual meeting of the stock holders of the Carolina Insurance Company was held yesterday at noon in the company's building on Princess street. Mr. E. S. Martin presided and in the absence of Mr. M. S. Willard, Mr. Clayton Giles acted as secretary. Reports of all the officers were satisfactory and indicative of a successful year's business and continued growth. The company has not one cent of unpaid losses and the surplus to policy holders was shown to be $65,318. Every loss has been paid in cash as soon as the proofs were executed, without discount and the usual sixty days' delay.

The old board of directors was re-elected as follows: Messrs. D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth, S. Solomon, H. L. Vollers, Donald MacRae, H. C. McQueen and Clayton Giles. The directors will meet later for the election of officers.

Shad Benches Rented.

The shad benches at the Front street market house were yesterday rented by Chairman H. P. West, of the Market Committee, as follows:

No. 1, J. Loughlin, at $3 per month; No. 2, W. G. Fergus, $3; No. 3, W. M. Sneeden, $3.50; No. 4, J. S. Sneeden, $3.50; No. 5, D. W. Willis, $3; No. 6 and 7, Fales & Nixon, $3 each; No. 8, 9 and 11, J. S. Harriss, $1.50 each; No. 10, George Jackson, $1 50. In addition to so much per month the following premiums were paid: No. 1, $11; 2, $6; 3, $3; 4 and 5, $4; 6 and 7, $3; 8, $3.50; 9, $2.50; 10, $4.50; 11, $5.50.

A Charming Entertainment.

Mrs. F. A. Applegate, No. 402 Walnut street, delightfully entertained last evening in honor of several of her friends. Dainty refreshments were served and an evening of rare enjoyment was spent by the guests of the occasion, who were as follows; Miss Tina Pridgen, of Viola; Mrs. H. W. Smith and Miss Lou Smith, of McColl, S. C.; Mrs. C. E. Pridgen, Mrs. H. L. Peterson and Misses Annie and Attie Peterson.

Miss Walker Entertained Friends.

Miss Lydie Walker entertained a number of her friends at her home, No. 720 North Seventh street, Tuesday evening. It was a very enjoyable occasion, and those present spent a most pleasant time. Several musical selections were rendered and a course of refreshments was served.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Bill Introduced in the Senate for a Railroad from Southport to Chadbourn.

OTHER IMPORTANT MEASURES

To Appropriate $300,000 for the Public Schools—To Prohibit the Sale of Cigarettes—To Amend the Jim Crow Car Law—Trusts.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 16.—In the Senate to day Brown of Columbus introduced a bill to charter a railroad from Chadbourn to Southport, known as the Southport and Northwestern Railroad Company. Understood to be a lumber road for part of the distance.

Memorials from the North Carolina Bar Association for a Code Commission and to increase the judicial districts, were received.

New bills and petitions were more numerous than on any previous day.

A bill passed the Senate to-day repealing chapter 170, Acts of 1889, which prohibited chartering corporations with capital exceeding one million dollars. The bill goes to the House, with every indication of concurrence.

A bill also passed, giving consent for United States authorities to acquire land for a forest preserve in western North Carolina.

Senator Brown of Columbus introduced a bill prohibiting the sale of cigarettes in North Carolina.

Other important bills introduced were:

By Senator Smith, to appropriate $300,000 to the public schools of North Carolina.

By Mr. Ward, to amend chapter 384, Acts of 1899, relating to enforcement of the separate coach (jim crow) law. The bill is designed to prevent the present practice of some small railroads in eastern North Carolina hitching a freight car on several passenger coaches and calling the train "mixed." It is to strike out the word "passenger" and compel a separation of the races on such trains.

By Mr. Ward, bill to "protect trade from trusts, conspiracies and monopolies."

In the House no bills of general interest were passed. Many of a local character were introduced. Among these were the following:

Mr. Patterson, to incorporate the Robeson County Loan and Trust Company.

Mr. Rountree, to amend chapter 180 of the Laws of 1891.

Mr. Rountree, to incorporate the Hilton Railroad & Logging Company.

Mr. Daughteridge, regulating fees for charters of incorporations—fixing fees of charters at $25 for a $5,000 charter and graduated up to $750 for a $1,000,000 charter.

A long list of bills passed their third reading, and more were introduced in both the House and Senate than on any previous day.

Both houses adjourned to 11 o'clock to morrow.

The Senate is much pleased with Lieutenant Governor Turner's methods as presiding officer.

The first official utterance of Governor Aycock after the inauguration was a reply to the message of the Cincinnati *Post*, wired the Governor: "Will Jeffries and Ruhlin be permitted to fight a number of rounds in North Carolina, if prevented in Cincinnati?" The Governor replied: "Under no conditions will I permit it in North Carolina."

Cotton and Tobacco Growers.

At a meeting of the Tobacco Growers' Association to-day, Col. J. Bryan Grimes tendered his resignation as president and Col. John S. Cunningham was unanimously elected to succeed him.

The State Cotton Growers' Association met to-day and appointed General W. R. Cox, Col. Benehan Cameron and G. P. Allison to meet with the executive committeemen of other Southern States to arrange plans for concerted action. The co-operation of growers and bankers is desired for the gradual marketing of cotton.

Greeting From Bryan.

Hon. Dan Hugh McLean, chairman of the North Carolina Electoral College, received the following from Hon. W. J. Bryan, replying to the recent telegram of notification:

"*D. H. McLean, Democratic Elector:*

"Please present greetings to North Carolina electors; express to them my gratitude for their vote, and for the kindness and patriotic sentiments conveyed by your telegram.

"W. J. BRYAN."

Speaker Moore, of the House, has announced the Committee on Judiciary. Judge Allen, of Wayne, is chairman; Mr. Geo. Rountree is a member.

Dance Last Night.

The Hanover Seaside Club gave its mid-Winter dance last night in Germania Hall, and the affair scored the same success which has attended previous functions of the kind. A number of visitors were among those in attendance. Music was furnished by Miller's orchestra. The dance was managed by the house committee, which is composed of Messrs. Henry Gieschen (chairman), E. P. H. Strunck and Will Rehder.

DIED.

McCLAMMY—On January 16, 1901, at 4:30 P. M., CHARLES PRICE, infant son of Richard P. and Janie L. McClammy.

Funeral this (Thursday) afternoon at 3 o'clock from residence No. 6 Castle street, with interment at Oakdale Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE WISH TO INFORM OUR FRIENDS AND PATRONS THAT MR. J. L. MIDDLETON HAS PURCHASED THE ENTIRE BUSINESS OF THE KING GROCERY CO., AND WILL HEREAFTER CONTINUE THE BUSINESS ON HIS OWN ACCOUNT. WE THANK YOU KINDLY FOR YOUR GENEROUS SUPPORT IN THE PAST, AND BESPEAK FOR THE NEW FIRM A CONTINUANCE OF YOUR PATRONAGE. The Cost Sale of goods will be discontinued from this date.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
Fourth Street Bridge. Both 'Phones 887. J. T. SHOLAR, Manager.
jan 17 tf wst tu th

A HOLIDAY ENTERTAINMENT.

School at South Washington Observed Appropriate Exercises Last Friday.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

SOUTH WASHINGTON, N. C., Jan. 16.—The entertainment at the new school house at South Washington, Friday night, was one of the most enjoyable events of the season. The hall was tastefully decorated with holly, mistletoe and hanging moss, which reflected much credit on the teacher, Miss Bettie LaBarbe, of Asheville, and her pupils. The house was crowded to its utmost capacity, with an attentive and appreciative audience. The entertainment consisted of recitations and dialogues interspersed with music and tableaux.

Among the participants, all of whom acquitted themselves creditably were Misses Katie Thomas, Belle Rivenbark, Lizzie Thomas, Leola Rivenbark, little Misses Flossie Anderson and Maggie Garris, Masters Fitzhugh Lee and Dan Garris, Roy Lee and Mathew Garris, Joe Brice, Tommie Hall, Eddie Hale, Arthur Anderson, Claude Anderson, Roscoe Brice and Charlie Brice, little Misses Cora Hall, Nora Anderson, Leola Ramsey and Lula Anderson.

The closing piece was a recital by Miss Ethel Gurganus in her very attractive style thanking the audience for their presence and attention.

Funeral This Morning.

The remains of the late Edwin Aberdeen Keith, whose death at his home in Ayden was mentioned in yesterday's STAR, arrived in the city yesterday evening at 6 o'clock on the A. C. L. train, and were met at the station by the following gentlemen: Col. Alvis Walker, Capt. A. L. DeRosset, Messrs. Wm. Calder, J. H. Boatwright, J. C. Munds, W. A. Wright and Ancrum Lord. The funeral will be from St. James' Episcopal church at 10:30 o'clock this morning, with interment at Oakdale cemetery.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

There Is Nothing Just as Good

nor anything that will cure La Grippe, Croup, Cough and Colds as quickly as Rice's Goose Grease Liniment. No Cure, No Pay.
nov 13 6m

New Stock.

On Saturday, January 19th, the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association will open its 19 h Series. Those desirous of securing stock in this New series should apply for the same early. As an investment nothing is safer. C. C. BROWN,
jan 13 1w Secretary and Treasurer.

Do You Feel Like Candy

to-day? Do you want some delicious confectionery? You can get as fine as is made from us, and it will not cost you so much as poorer candy would.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
jan 17 tf 204 Princess street.

GOLD CHAIR SOLD FOR $3.25.

LOOK OUT FOR THE NEXT BARGAIN.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
Bell 'Phone 613. 111 Market street. Inter-State 421.
jan 16 tf

Mules, Mules. For Sale.

Four good Farm or Wagon Mules.
One Two Horse Wagon.
One Log Cart.

WILL SELL CHEAP FOR CASH

or at a small advance on time with good collateral.

D. L. GORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
jan 10 tf Wilmington, N. C

At The-:-
-:-Unlucky Corner.

BIG PRUNES, 25 TO THE POUND.
RED CRANBERRIES.
TURKEYS, DEAD AND ALIVE.
JELLY, MINCE MEAT, RAISINS.
CURRANTS, CITRON.
SMOKED BEEF TONGUES.

We can't bake your cake, but can furnish the best of everything to go in it.

-:-Send me your orders.

-:-S. W. SANDERS-:-
dec 8 tf

THE EXPENSES PUT ON YOUR LAND DEMAND THAT

You Should Plant Only the Best Seed.

WE OFFER.....

Houlton Early Rose and Early Ohio Seed Potatoes. Very fine N. C. Seed Oats. Fertilizers made by the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., and Fertilizers not made by that company, at low prices and reasonable terms.

INQUIRIES AND ORDERS SOLICITED.

A Complete line of General Groceries.

Mail orders obtain as much attention and as low prices as personal orders.

The Worth Company.
Jan 16 tf

Choice and Exclusive.

Naming a price without regard to quality does not make a continued successful business. You may put on the public an inferior goods one time and maybe two times, but not all the time. We are in the Cigar business to win; and knowing it is only a question of quality that counts with a discriminating public, we have made it a question of Quality first, Quality last, and Quality all the time. We positively claim

THAT "Renown," "Cuban Blossom" Cigars

ARE THE BEST VALUE FOR THE MONEY

sold on any market. If your grocer won't sell them because of the small margin of profit to him, we can tell you who does.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
Cigar Manufacturers' Agents.
jan 6 tf

Our Loss

Has Been Adjusted

with the Insurance Companies, OUR HOME CO., "The Wilmington Underwriters," with Col. Walker Taylor, its efficient, prompt and energetic agent being first to settle.

We wish to thank all the agents concerned who showed us courtesies pending the settlement.

The Fire Sale

is now on, and we are too busy to enumerate the hundreds of bargains we are moving. If you don't get your pick, blame yourself only.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS COMPANY.
jan 9 tf

SPECIAL BARGAINS

in Fancy Clocks and Silver Novelties. Will sell at very close profits. Call and examine my line of goods and get my prices, and suit yourself as to where you buy. Notice the Show Windows.

J. T. BURKE,
The Jeweler.
No. 27 South Front street.
dec 23 tf

..NOTICE..

Remember, this is headquarters For every kind of Cakes Bread and Pies. Also, Fireworks.

Warren's
Steam Bakery and Cafe,
22 North Front street.
dec 21 tf

Poor Seed Dear at Any Price.

GET THE BEST.

GENUINE HOULTON ROSE, EARLY OHIOS, PRIDE OF THE SOUTH, or WHITE BLISS

SEED POTATOES.

Let us book your orders against their arrival.

SALT! SALT! SALT!

Can fill orders promptly—100's and 180's American Fine, Table and 5 lb Pockets.

HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED)
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
jan 12 tf

D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved property. nov 1 tf

The Morning Star

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 17.

WHAT WE EAT.

We saw a statement a couple days ago that a company of Northern men was being organized to save the surplus melon crop of Georgia, which could not be profitably shipped to market and therefore went to waste. As Georgia is a great melon producer and the crop is not exhausted before the melons of other States nearer to the principal markets are ripe enough to ship, the surplus is generally a pretty large one.

How this company proposes to utilize the melons was not stated, but it doubtless knows what it is doing and is not simply venturing on an experiment. We are under the impression that we saw a statement some time ago that a Georgia melon grower was making syrup out of his surplus watermelons and that it was a very nice syrup, for which he found ready sale. Perhaps this is one of the uses that will be made of the melons by this company. For some years the surplus peach and other fruit crops of Georgia went to waste, as much does now, but in some localities they have established canneries and thus realize value from the whole crop.

There are several reasons why the attention of our fruit and vegetable growers should turn to the saving of all their crops, as far as practicable, for this is the only way by which permanent profit may be counted upon, and the business become one with some stability. There are now in the South about twenty millions of people, and most of these are dependent on Northern canneries for nearly all the canned fruits, vegetables, corn, beans, pickles, &c., which they use, and very few of them have any idea of what they are eating when they eat of the contents of these cans or bottles. It never occurs to them that this is a day of food adulteration, and that the unadulterated food or drink is the exception. In North Carolina we use a great quantity of these canned and bottled goods. There isn't probably a grocery store in the State the shelves of which do not show more or less of them. This makes it interesting to know what kind of stuff it is that we buy and eat. The following from the December bulletin of the Agricultural Department may give some idea. Giving the result of tests made, it says:

"In the summary statement below is brought together the results of the examination of various canned vegetables for adulterants. The term adulterant, as here used, means that they contained one or more of the preservatives—salicylic acid, benzoic acid, sulphuric acid, or formaldehyde. Two hundred and twenty seven samples of this class of canned goods were analyzed, 151 samples or 66.5 per cent. (practically two thirds) being artificially preserved by the use of chemical antiseptic. This is anything but an encouraging outlook for the condition of the canned goods market in the State. Formaldehyde was the most largely used antiseptic, salicylic acid ranking second. These, especially the formaldehyde, are powerful antiseptics, and are more or less injurious to the human system, especially to the digestive apparatus of invalids and other persons who are already suffering from disturbances of this kind. Because no immediate bad effect is felt from the use of food containing these preservatives is not proof that they may not be exerting some slow, injurious influence on the body. Besides, there seems to be no good reason why the manufacturers of canned goods should indiscriminately administer physic in food without the knowledge or consent of the user, when the body is in no wise in need of it, especially of the kind given. The vegetables in the cans not containing antiseptics were in as good condition as those having the largest amounts of them. This, with what has already been said in regard to the destruction of germ life by heat, indicates that antiseptics are not necessary to the proper conduct of the canning business, and there seems to be no good reason why they should be used, when the products are clean, sound and fresh, and are properly put up in this condition.

"Subjoined to this summary is a statement of their findings, showing the per cent. of adulteration of canned goods to be as follows:

	Per cent. Adulterated.
Corn	60
Tomatoes	63 03
Beans and peas	78 18
Corn and tomatoes	100 00
Okra and tomatoes	100 00
Okra	50 00
Asparagus	77 77
Succotash	7 14
Pumpkin	100 00
Celery	100 00
Total	66 52

"Tomato catsups and sauces were examined for preservatives and artificial colors. The same methods employed for detecting antiseptics in canned goods were used with these articles.

"All of the catsups, except one, were found to contain chemical preservatives; quite a number of them having two and some of them as many as three different preservatives in the same bottle. In all of the sauces, with one exception, were also found one or more antiseptics.

"There is some excuse for the use of preservatives in this class of goods, inasmuch as they are used in very small quantity at a time, and must be kept for quite a while after opening, but it would appear that the indiscriminate addition of the very large amounts of antiseptics found in a large number of these samples is not justifiable, and we doubt the necessity of their use to this extent.

"Most of the tomato catsups, in addition to being artificially preserved, were also artificially colored with color tar dyes. Some of the numerous dyes from color tar are injurious, and even poisonous, while others appear to have no deleterious effect on the human system. Granting that this artificial coloring is harmless and even ornamental, it may at the same time be hiding dirt and disguising unwholesome products."

According to this over sixty-six and a half per cent. of all the canned and bottled stuff we eat is more or less adulterated, some with poisonous adulterants, poisonous enough to kill quickly if a large dose be taken, and poisonous enough to kill or shatter the health in time when taken in the quantities consumed in eating these preparations. The use of what are called preservatives has become so common these days that they are found in almost everything eatable, in meats, fresh and salted; in fish, in meats cooked and canned, in vegetables, fruits and nearly everything. It has become so common that little attention is paid to it, although analyses show that some of the preservative agents used are highly poisonous.

We can't help buying this stuff and taking the chances when we buy it, if we use these kinds of food, for we don't know what preservatives, if any, are used in the brands we buy, and consequently do not know whether we are taking a dose of quick or slow poison or not when we eat a meal of which these constitute a part.

As a matter of self-protection, aside from the money there may be in such industries, shouldn't this suggest the establishment of canneries in the fruit and trucking sections of the South, where these articles could be put up for our people, where no poisonous preservatives would be used, and upon which our people could rely for their supplies without depending upon Northern canneries, which send out so much adulterated stuff? There certainly should be among the twenty millions of people in the South, canneries enough to make a market for all the fruits, vegetables, &c.. which could be put up. There are plenty of openings for these industries right here in North Carolina.

FOR A GIGANTIC TRUST.

There is a Steel Trust, several of them, in this country, but in the estimation of some of the scheming capitalists they do not fill the bill, because they have not as absolute control of the production and the markets as might be obtained by a more far-reaching and gigantic Trust, one with capital enough to crush any attempt at competition. That is what J. P. Morgan, the great promoter and schemer, seems to be aiming at, judging from the following Philadelphia dispatch to the New York *Tribune*:

"It is learned from credible sources that negotiations are under way looking to the purchase or control of the Carnegie Company by J. Pierpont Morgan and his associates. This is said to be the first step in an extensive plan of virtual consolidation in the industrial field along the lines recently carried out in the railroad world in bringing a number of roads under the so called 'community of interest' control.

"The present plan, according to the report, contemplates the bringing of all the great steel companies under the control of a small group of capitalists. While an actual merging of the properties may not be brought about, the scheme provides that the control of all the big properties shall be vested in the same hands, and that the companies shall be economically and carefully operated and rate cutting and ruinous competition done away with.

"No step in this direction could be made without first considering the Carnegie Company, by far the largest, most powerful and most resourceful of all the steel companies. This corporation is capitalized at $160,000,000, and there is outside of this an equal amount of bonds. Andrew Carnegie owns an absolute majority of the stock and bonds. He has personally more than 53 per cent. of this enormous amount, and the remaining interest is owned by his 32 partners and a few other holders.

"Recently, according to sources generally regarded as well informed, negotiations have been going on between J. Pierpont Morgan, representing a pool of capitalists, and Mr. Carnegie, looking to the purchase of Mr. Carnegie's entire stock holdings. If this transaction be effected Mr. Morgan, through his interests in other big steel properties and the newly acquired control of the Carnegie Company, will be in a position practically to dictate to every other steel company in the country, and, with this done, it is believed that the few independent organizations would be easily persuaded to come into the combination."

There may be nothing in this, and yet there may be. If there be how completely such a gigantic combination would have in its power the steel production of the country, and the industries which use steel; not only these, but the mines which produce iron, and this means that one combination would have absolute control over the greatest manufacturing business in the country, and one that affects more industries and people than any other one manufacturing industry in the country.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt exclaims that women are no longer under the heels of the man with the hoe. But there are lots of women in this and in other countries who have to hoe their own row all the same and help to feed trifling men, too.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run down feeling. But there is no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, of Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life. Only 50 cents at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

ANOTHER RED HOT OBJECT LESSON.

Yesterday we presented an object lesson on the color line from Kansas City, Kansas, and following that in quick succession comes another, that has in it all the elements of the horrible, from Leavenworth, in the same State. Not content with killing by rope or shot the brutal assaulter of one white woman and the suspected murderer of another, the infuriated men of that town, following the example of the mob in Colorado some time ago, burned the criminal at the stake. Eight thousand or more people witnessed the horrid spectacle, and there does not seem to have been any attempt made to rescue the assaulter from the girl's avengers.

This was not in the South; it was not in a rural section, but in the heart of one of the principal cities of that State, which in ante-bellum days was a refuge for fugitive slaves and where white men defied the law and fought to prevent their return to their masters.

The crime for which this negro suffered such an awful retribution was the outlawed crime, for the punishment of which outside of the formalities of the law, the men of the South have been so much condemned and so mercilessly scored by writers who had never been put in the same place, or subjected to the same ordeals the Southern people were. When the test comes home to them, how soon they show how little there is in moralizing, how easily it is forgotten, and how quick they are to visit with speedy and terrible vengeance crimes upon their wives and sisters. The average man is pretty much the same on either side of a geographical line.

A cute firm in Toronto, Canada, did a paying business by advertising a beautifully bound book of 400 pages, full of good things and one that every sport should have, one of the most wonderful books ever written in French and translated into English. Its reading was prohibited in some countries. The French and the prohibiting features were the catchy points with the sports, and the book was going like warm cakes, until some detective suspecting unlawful use of the mails wrote for a copy, enclosed the price and got a nice 15-cent Bible.

"The North Carolina Year Book" for 1901, published by the Raleigh *News and Observer*, is a valuable production, in the amount of useful information it gives pertaining to our State. The want of a work of that kind has been long felt, and we congratulate the compilers on their success in meeting this want, by putting information within the reach of all which could not otherwise be obtained without considerable trouble. It does not claim to be perfect, but every one will recognize its value on sight.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— Attorney-General Griggs before the Supreme Court of the United States argues that our new island possessions are the property of the United States and not part of them. This is a distinction which places a marketable tag on the islands. Bargain-hunters in islands will please note.—*Chicago News, Ind.*

— Sir Thomas Lipton is said to call the Prince of Wales "Teddy," a degree of familiarity that carries with it the right to slap his highness on the back; which shows that man is never satisfied. There are any number of people in this country who would give that and all their yachts thrown in for the privilege of doing that.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

— Italy wants a $35,000,000 indemnity for her share of the Chinese trouble. That country was one of the smallest contributors of troops and her interests are not large in proportion to those of other powers. If other nations demand as much indemnity in proportion as that called for by Italy, China will have a heavy bill to pay.—*Atlanta News, Dem.*

— Of the four leading articles of American export—cotton, breadstuffs, provisions and mineral oils—there were sent out $832,164,250 during the year 1900. As compared with similar exports in 1898, breadstuffs, fell off $16,713,435, petroleum increased $8,294,033, provisions increased $4,437,389 and cotton increased no less than $123,011,-317. The net gain of about $119,-000,000 is to be credited almost entirely to cotton, which during last year, at least, seemed to have resumed its one time position as "king" and key of our traffic relations with the Old World.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, and get a 10 cents trial bottle. Regular sizes 50 cents and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed or price refunded. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

Found

The most thorough and effective house cleaner ever invented

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Clarkton *Express*: Mr. Caswell Porter, of Columbus county, died on the night of the 12th of January, at the age of 73.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Mr. C. C. Royal, of the Farmers' Warehouse, received a telephone message Monday morning from Mocksville, stating that his brother, Mr. T. A. Royal, a deputy marshal, was shot and wounded seriously about 4 o'clock Monday morning near Footville, Yadkin county.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: It is rumored that Lexington is to have another new cotton mill this year. —— Mr. James Moore, a farmer, who resides near Belfast, this county, brought a one horse load of splits for bottoming chairs to Lexington Monday morning and received $128 96 for his load. The splits were all hand made, being cut with a knife.

— Greensboro *Record*: Jack Willoughby, colored, an escaped convict from our county roads, is under arrest in Charlotte. Chief Scott had a wire to this effect this morning. Willoughby was sent up for five years for entering a store at High Point. He was sent to the roads in Guilford and the first known of his escape was a letter from Charlotte, stating that he was in that locality and could be arrested if wanted.

— Winston *Journal*: Mr. and Mrs E A Welfare, of Salem, have received a message announcing the death of their son, Charlie Welfare, in Mohane, California, on the 5th of this month. Charlie was on his way from Wyoming and Colorado to Los Angeles, where Mr. Bob Hendrix now is, but died, as above stated, before he reached there. His father received a letter from him about two week ago from Sacramento. He was 27 years old and was buried in California.

— Statesville *Landmark*: The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Statesville Cotton Mills was held at the mill yesterday afternoon, and the report of the secretary and treasurer, Mr. T. D. Miller, showed the mill to be in a most prosperous condition. The net profits of the mill last year amounted to $28,000. In addition to the regular dividend of 8 per cent. paid stockholders, a dividend of 50 per cent. in stock from accrued dividends will be issued to stockholders. It was also decided to build a new $50,000 mill on the company's property, near the present mill. The new mill will be equipped with 6,000 spindles, and for the purpose of building and equipping the new mill a limited amount of stock—not less than $30,-000 nor more than $50,000—will be sold. Already $15,000 of this stock has been subscribed.

— Asheville *Citizen*: Marcus Erwin, clerk of the Superior Court, figured in an attempted blowup Saturday afternoon, Claude Miller having the fire-works in charge. In the morning Miller had been tried on a warrant sworn out by Mr. Erwin charging him with the embezzlement of $25. He was bound over to court by Justice James. In the afternoon Mr. Erwin was accosted in the upper rear corridor of the court house by Miller, who engaged him in a discussion. Sheriff Lee happened along just about then, and as he was going up the back stairs, and within about five feet of the two men, Miller said something to the effect, "You have lost confidence in me, and now I haven't a friend left," and as he made the remark he struck a match and attempted to light a dynamite stick which he held in one hand. Quick as a flash Sheriff Lee struck at the match with one hand and at the stick with the other. He put out the match and broke the dynamite stick in two. Miller still retained one half of it, and quickly put the end in his mouth, declaring he would explode it by biting the cap. The sheriff made another swipe at the stick and knocked it from his mouth. This ended the matter.

TWINKLINGS.

— Between Friends—Miss Oletimer—"I think kissing is so foolish!" Miss Maybudd—"Oh! but you mustn't believe everything you read."—*Puck.*

— Not an endearing trait: "Biggs don't seem to be popular with the hostess." "No; he keeps trying to do sleight of hand tricks with cut glass tumblers."—*Chicago Record.*

— Sweeping—"Giggtone says he will not recognize any one who lives below Fourteenth street." "Too bad. I was going to introduce him to one of the richest girls in South America." —*Life*

—The Cornfed Philosopher: "The question as to whether a man marries his first love," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "ain't so important in the long run as whether he has married the last one."—*Indianapolis Press.*

— He felt honored: Father—"My daughter tells me, sir, that you have been making love to her." Clubberly—"I don't know why she should single me out among so many." —*Detroit Free Press.*

— Her Pessimism: He—"I see they are making clothes now out of wood fibre." She—"Oh! what's the use? Somebody will be sure to inven a new kind of moth."—*Philadelphia Press.*

— Her Dilemma.—Mr. Askit: And how no like keeping a diary? Miss Gabbeigh: Oh, it keeps me so busy writing about what I have been doing that I do not have any time to do anything to write about.—*Baltimore American.*

— Anxious: "Your wife's just met with a serious accident, Mr. Wilkins," said the excited messenger. "She ran over a dog while riding her wheel, and they've taken her to the hospital." Wilkins (excitedly)—"Was it a liver-and-white fox terrier with dark spots on his shoulder?"—*Puck.*

— Prematurely Aged: Towne—"That boy of Jones' is older than he looks, isn't he?" Browne—"I don't think so. Why?" Towne—"I saw him out skating to-day, and he never once tried to see how near he could go to the danger-sign without falling in." —*Philadelphia Press.*

— Grimes—"Going to buy a bookcase? Aren't you getting extravagant?" Stone—"I suppose so; but there's only one alternative. The house is lumbered up with borrowed books until they are a nuisance. I've just got to buy a bookcase or return the books."—*Boston Transcript.*

A PICTURE OF PARIS.

The Various Quarters and the People Who Inhabit Them.

Paris is not the noisiest of continental cities, but it is not especially quiet. The whole place, except in the aristocratic quarters, seems to be wide awake and much alive in early morning. Street cries are especially noticeable as the hawkers ply their busy trade. But though the traffic in Paris is noisier, it is not dense. Yet it appears more bewildering to the foot passengers in Paris because of the want of order. The Parisian police, or guardiens de la paix, are not nearly so much in evidence as our policemen. The coachmen in Paris seem to drive where they please, and if a policeman held up a restraining hand it is questionable whether the driver of a public vehicle would pay much attention to his warning. They sometimes rather timidly hold up batons. It is therefore necessary to be careful in the more crowded places in crossing the streets. The little victorias skim past in such happy go lucky fashion that the wonder is there are not more frequent accidents.

In Paris the modern fashionable quarter for dwelling houses lies in the Chaussee d'Antin and west of the Madeleine, near the Elysee and the Champs Elysees, the district of the Faubourg St. Honore. The old aristocracy chiefly inhabits the Faubourg St. Germain, south of the Seine, opposite the Tuileries and its gardens. The famous Quartier Latin, the resort of students and art workers, lies east of the Faubourg St. Germain. This is the learned corner of Paris. Here are the universities, most of the colleges, schools and scientific institutions, and for centuries this has been regarded as the students' quarter. Behind the Church of the Sarbonne is the Lycee Louis le Grand, founded in 1560 by Francis I and rebuilt by the Jesuits in 1680. Close by, on the Place du Pantheon, is the Lycee Henri Quatre, with its ancient though restored tower. This formed part of the old abbey of St. Genevieve. The ancient refectory is now used as the chapel of the Lycee.

North of the river and to the east of the Place de la Bastille, the Faubourg St. Antoine is the artisan quarter, where the chief part of the working people dwell. Here are found cabinet makers, wood carvers, carpenters, all the useful trades, and in revolutionary times the outbreak has usually proceeded from or been fomented in this quarter. There is a most interesting museum, the Musee Carnavalet, a beautiful building, begun early in the sixteenth century and finished 100 years later. It stands in the Rue Sevigne, a street leading on the left from the Rue de Rivoli, just where that street changes its name to Rue St. Antoine. The Maison Carnavalet was the town residence of Mme. de Sevigne from 1677 to 1696. It is now a municipal museum and contains objects relating to the history of Paris from early down to recent times. Various objects here have connection with or illustrate the revolutions of 1789, 1830 and 1848. Some of the sculpture on the building is the work of the famous Jean Goujon, 1520-1572.—Chicago News.

Briefly Announced.

There is no personage quite so imposing as a well developed specimen of the British butler. The Wellesley Magazine relates an anecdote of one butler whose taste for the impressive was too much for the family whose service he had entered.

He was a newcomer, and almost his first duty was to announce the arrivals at his employer's first "at home" of the season. The earliest guests to appear were Mr. and Mrs. Penny and their daughter, old and familiar friends of the family. The new butler announced them in measured tones and with majestic mien:

"Mr. Edwin Algernon Pembroke Penny, Mrs. Edwin Algernon Pembroke Penny and Miss Maud Victoria Penny."

Other arrivals were announced at equal length and with equal solemnity. Before the next "at home" the master of the house suggested that so much repetition and elaboration was unnecessary; that he would prefer to have his guests announced more briefly. The magnificent being bowed grave assent and said nothing. But his feelings had been wounded, and he was, unlike most of his kind, as clever as he was majestic.

As before, the first to arrive were Mr. and Mrs. Penny and Miss Penny. When they had ascended the stairs, they paused an instant at the drawing room door; the next the butler flung it abruptly open, and they heard themselves briskly announced to their dismayed hosts in the comprehensive formula:

"Threepence!"

Blacksmith Aprons.

Every Easter Monday morning the blacksmiths all over the land, following an immemorial custom, put on new leather aprons. They do this twice a year, at the Easter and Christmas holidays. Dealers expect it of them and lay in a great stock in advance. The most recherche blacksmith's apron is now made of sheepskin. It has a diamond shaped bib to cover the breast, but fashion dictates that should not be worn up, but should fall from the waist down over the stomach carelessly.

The apron fastens behind with two brass buttons and comes in three colors, white, lemon and tan. The white one, which is affected by the younger and more modish sort of blacksmith, is reenforced and padded at the knees for horseshoeing and such like work. This is an effeminacy disdained by the austere and hardy blacksmith of the old school. Though all aprons are slit up the middle to the thigh, they still continue to be sold unslit. It is because the manufacturers are not progressive. An apron costs $1 and lasts about six months.—Philadelphia Record.

A Misunderstanding.

"My dear," said a gentleman to his wife, "where did all those books on astronomy on the library come from? They are not ours."

"A pleasant little surprise for you," responded the lady. "You know, you said this morning that we ought to study astronomy, and so I went to a bookshop and bought everything I could find on the subject."

It was some minutes before he spoke. "My dear," he then said slowly, his voice husky with emotion, "I never said we must study astronomy. I said that we must study economy."—Pearson's Weekly.

— Wearing: "Your wife has such a terribly tired look, old man!" "Yes; to-morrow night it will be her turn to entertain the Don't Worry Club, to which she belongs."—*Detroit Journal.*

ARE YOU PLUMP

or thin? red cheeks or sallow life in your step or feel your weight? are you comfortable or hoping to be so next spring or summer or fall?

One is health; the other is not-quite health.

This condition of not-quite health can be turned into health with Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

It is a pity to get in the habit of thinking of health as a thing to be hoped for; why not go for it now!

There is only one way to make strength: by food. You want appetite first, then food, The emulsion will give you food-rest, to master your food with.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

NO REMEDY EQUALS PERUNA, SO THE WOMEN ALL SAY

Miss Susan Wymar.

Miss Susan Wymar, teacher in the Richmond school, Chicago, Ill., write the following letter to Dr. Hartman regarding Pe-ru-na. She says: "Only those who have suffered as I have, can know what a blessing it is to be able to find relief in Pe-ru-na. This has been my experience. A friend in need is a friend indeed, and every bottle of Pe-ru-na I ever bought proved a good friend to me."—Susan Wymar.

Mrs. Margaretha Dauben, 1214 North Superior St., Racine City, Wis., writes: "I feel so well and good and happy now that pen cannot describe it. Pe-ru-na is everything to me. I have taken several bottles of Pe-ru-na for female complaint. I am in the change of life and it does me good." Pe-ru-na has no equal in all of the irregularities and emergencies peculiar to women caused by pelvic catarrh.

Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., for a free book for women only.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	8¼	8½
Standard		8½
Burlaps	6	6½
WESTERN SMOKED		
Hams ⅌ ℔	0	12
Sides ⅌ ℔		8½
Shoulders ⅌ ℔	8	8½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ⅌ ℔	7¾	8
Shoulders ⅌ ℔	7½	7¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 40	1 45
Second-hand machine		1 45
New New York, each		1 45
New City, each		1 45
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ⅌ M	7 00	7 50
Northern	9 00	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ⅌ ℔	20	25
Northern	24	26
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	54	55
Virginia Meal		55
COTTON TIES—⅌ bundle		1 33
CANDLES—⅌ ℔—		
Sperm	18	25
Adamantine	8	11
CHEESE—⅌ ℔—		
Northern Factory	13	14
Dairy Cream	13½	14
Half cream	12½	13
COFFEE—⅌ ℔—		
Laguyra	11	12½
Rio	8½	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ⅌ yard		5½
Yarns, ⅌ bunch of 5 ℔s		70
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ⅌ barrel	22 00	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ⅌ half-bbl.	11 00	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ⅌ barrel	16 00	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ⅌ half-bbl.	8 00	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ⅌ barrel	13 00	14 00
Mullets, ⅌ barrel	3 50	3 75
Mullets, ⅌ pork barrel	7 00	7 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ⅌ keg	3 00	3 25
Dry Cod, ⅌ ℔	5	10
" Extra	4 35	4 50
FLOUR—⅌ ℔—		
Low grade	3 25	3 50
Choice		3 75
Straight		4 00
First Patent	4 50	4 75
GLUE—⅌ ℔	9	10
GRAIN—⅌ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	57	59
Mixed Corn	55	56
Car-load, in bgs—White		54
Oats, from store	36	37½
Oats, Rust Proof		40½
Cow Peas	70	75
HIDES—⅌ ℔—		
Green salted		6¼
Dry flint	10	11
Dry salt	9	10
HAY ⅌ 100 ℔s		
No 1 Timothy	90	95
Rice Straw	40	50
Eastern	90	95
Western	90	95
North River		90
HOOP IRON, ⅌ ℔	2½	2¾
LARD, ⅌ ℔—		
Northern	8¾	8¾
North Carolina	9	10
LIME, ⅌ barrel	1 15	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ⅌ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	15 00
MOLASSES ⅌ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead		25
Barbadoes, in barrels		28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	25
NAILS, ⅌ keg, Cut, 60d basis		2 35
PORK, ⅌ barrel—		
City Mess		15 00
Rump		14 50
Prime		14 50
ROPE, ⅌ ℔	11	22
SALT, ⅌ sack, Alum		1 25
Liverpool	90	95
American	90	95
On 125 ⅌ Sacks		68
SUGAR, ⅌ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½	6
Standard A		5⅝
White Extra C		5⅜
Extra C, Golden		5¼
C Yellow		5
SOAP, ⅌ ℔—Northern	3½	4
STAVES, ⅌ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		10 00
TIMBER, ⅌ M feet—Shipping	9 00	9 00
Common mill	4 00	5 00
Fair mill	6 50	7 50
Prime mill	7 50	8 50
Extra mill	8 50	9 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed		
⅌ M 6x24 heart	4 25	5 00
" Sap	3 00	3 25
5x20 Heart	2 25	2 50
" Sap	1 60	1 75
WHISKEY, ⅌ gallon Northern	1 00	2 10

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Seabright, Price, Shallotte, Stone, Rourk & Co.

Schr Wm F Campbell, 169 tons, Strout, Fajardo, George Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Clyde steamship Saginaw, Hale, Georgetown, S C, H G Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 17, 1901.

SCHOONERS.

Wm F Campbell, 169 tons, Strout, George Harriss, Son & Co.
W R Perkins, 143 tons, Gay, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Carrie A Bucknam, 235 tons, Torrey, J T Riley & Co.
Chas C Lane, 306 tons, Hamell, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Wanola, 272 tons, Wagner, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Edith H Symingtons, 992 tons, Stiles, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Chas. H. Sprague, 260 tons, Harper, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Nellie Floyd, 457 tons, Nielsen, George Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Khio, (Br) 1,563 tons, Williams, Heide & Co.
Buckminster, 1,297 tons, Brown, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Chalfield, (Br) 1,904 tons, Hill, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Victor, (Nor) 614 tons, Ostrik, Heide & Co.

BARGE.

Carrie L Tyler, 538 tons, Jones, Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, January 16.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.20 per barrel for strained and $1.25 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.30 per barrel for hard $2.30 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm at $1.20@1.25; tar firm at $1.25; crude turpentine steady at $1.60 @$2.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	23
Rosin	245
Tar	280
Crude turpentine	22

Receipts same day last year—24 casks spirits turpentine, 311 bbls rosin, 308 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9⅜c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	7 1-16	cts. ⅌ ℔
Good ordinary	8 7 16	" "
Low middling	9 1-16	" "
Middling	9⅜	" "
Good middling	9 13 16	" "

Same day last year middling steady at 7¼c.

Receipts—1,147 bales; same day last year, 1,568.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c.

CORN—Firm: 58 to 60 cents per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11 to 12½c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 9c; sides, 7 to 8c.

EGGS—Dull at 15 to 18 cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 22½@25 cents; springs, 12½@17 cts.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 8 to 9c; dressed 9 to 11c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25 cents.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½ cents per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 50 cents

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange barely steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 487@487½ for demand and 483¾@483⅞ for sixty days. Posted rates were 484½ and 488. Commercial bills 482½@483. Silver certificates 64½@65½. Bar silver 63½. Mexican dollars 49⅝. Government bonds weak. State bonds firm. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 105½; U. S. refund'g 2's, coupon, 105½; U.S. 2's, reg'd,—; U.S. 3's, reg'd, 109½; do. coupon, 110; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 136½; do. coupon, 137½; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 113½; do. coupon, 113½; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 110½; do. coupon, 111½; Southern R'y 5's 112½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 91½; Chesapeake & Ohio 39½; Manhattan L 119½; N. Y. Central 154; Reading 31½; do. 1st pref'd 71; St. Paul, 150½; do. pref'd, 189; Southern Railway 20½; pref'd 71; American Tobacco, 113½; do. pref'd 140; People's Gas 99½; Sugar 133½; do. pref'd 118⅝; T. C. & Iron 54; U. S. Leather 12½; do. preferred 74; Western Union 84½. Standard Oil 800@806.

BALTIMORE, January 16.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 10½; do. preferred 26½. Bonds—4's 70.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine dull at 40@40½c.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 37c; sales — casks. Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 37½c; sales 258 casks; receipts 497 casks; exports 232 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2,130 barrels; receipts 5,126 barrels; exports 5,244 barrels. Quotations unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The tables were turned completely in to-day's market for cotton futures, the bulls being in control from opening to closing. The direct cause for the upward movement was an unexpected bulge in the English market, which in turn was influenced, according to private cables, by smaller offerings of spot cotton and talk of a bullish circular by Neill in the near future. On the advance many minor bull factors came to light and helped the market. The opening was steady with prices up three to five points. The shorts for a brief time were inclined to believe the reaction only a temporary matter, but continued advances abroad soon led to a hasty retreat on the part of local bears and brought an influx of investment buying orders. Before the demand had been appreciably appeased, prices had climbed to a level fourteen to sixteen points above the closing bids of yesterday, while Liverpool had reached a net gain of three to four and a half points. Claims that cotton mill ends were improved, that spot cotton South was bringing fully ⅛c higher prices and that receipts were in shape to fall off considerably, all helped to strengthen bull convictions and weaken the confidence of shorts. During the afternoon the market ruled generally firm, though quiet, and at the close was steady with prices net twelve to sixteen points higher.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 9⅞c.

Cotton futures market closed steady: January 9 64, February 9.43, March 9 40, April 9 36, May 9.36, June 9.34, July 9.33, August 9 07, September 8 57, October 8.26, November 8.15.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 9⅞c; middling gulf 10⅛c; sales 1,500 bales.

Net receipts 1,706 bales; gross receipts 12,662 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,697 bales; exports to France 2,050 bales; stock 100,764 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 33,051 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,657 bales; exports to the Continent 2,050 bales; stock 890,801 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 112,352 bales; exports to Great Britain 32,268 bales; exports to France 1,210 bales; exports to the Continent 29,505 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 4,914,551 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,845,453 bales; exports to France 425,528 bales; exports to the Continent 1,323,718 bales.

January 16.—Galveston, steady at 9 7-16c, net receipts 8,344 bales; Norfolk, steady at 9⅜c, net receipts 1,224 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 10c, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 9⅞c, net receipts 576 bales; Wilmington, firm at 9⅜c, net receipts 1,147 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 10⅛c, net receipts 353 bales; Savannah, steady at 9 7-16c, net receipts 5,645 bales; New Orleans, steady at 9⅜c, net receipts 13,127 bales; Mobile, steady at 9¼, net receipts 215 bales; Memphis, dull at 9⅜, net receipts 1,409 bales; Augusta, firm at 9⅝c, net receipts 518 bales; Charleston, steady at 9⅛c, net receipts 714 bales

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Flour was weak and inactive, closing nominal; Minnesota bakers' quoted $3 00@3 35. Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red 79c f. o. b. afloat. Options were generally weak all day, apart from a midday rally on export reports. Bearishness was encouraged by weak cables, small clearances, continued large primary receipts, lack of outside demand, further heavy liquidation, and aggressive short selling. Closed weak at ⅝@1⅛c net decline. Sales were: No. 2 red January 78⅜c; March 79⅜c; May closed 80⅛c; July closed 79⅛c. Corn—Spot easy; No. 2 46c at elevator. Options opened easy with wheat, and a recovery on heavy seaboard clearances, dropped off again under easy late cables and local realizing. Closed easy at ⅛@⅜c net loss. January closed 46c; March closed 44⅝c; May closed 43⅛c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2 30½c. Options slow and easier. Lard weak; Western steam $7 75; refined easier; continent $7 85; South American $8 50; compound 5½@5⅝c. Petroleum was easy. Butter firm; Western creamery 16@21c; factory 11@14c; State dairy 16@19½c. Eggs—Market easier; State and Pennsylvania 19½@21c at mark, for average lots; Western regular packing 18@19½c. Cheese firm; fancy large, fall made 11¼@11½; small fancy, fall made 11½@12c. Pork quiet; family $15 50@16 00; short clears $14 50@17 00; mess $13 75@14 75. Potatoes firm; Jersey $1 25@1 75; New York $1 50@1 87½; Long Island $1 75@2 00; Jersey sweets $1 75@3 00. Molasses firm. Rice firm. Cotton seed oil barely steady and very quiet at former prices: Prime crude, in barrels, 26½c, nominal; prime summer yellow 30c; off summer yellow 29½c; prime white 34@35c; prime winter yellow 35½@36c; prime meal $25 00. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No 7 invoice 7 8 16; mild quiet; Cordova 8@12½c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3⅝c; centrifugal, 96 test 4⅜c; molasses sugar 3⅜c; refined steady.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Weak cables and the continued heavy movement were factors in a slump which the wheat market took to day, May closing 1⅛@1⅛c lower. Corn closed ⅛@⅛c and oats ⅛@⅛c lower. Provisions at the close were 12½@27½c depressed.

CHICAGO, Jan.16.—Cash quotations: Flour dull and easy. Wheat—No 2—; No. 3 spring 65@72c; No. 2 red 75@77½c. Corn—No. 2, 36½c. Oats—No. 2 24c; No. 2 white 26½@27c; No. 3 white 26@26½c. Pork, per barrel, $13 87½@14 00. Lard, per 100 lbs, $7 40@7 42½. Short rib sides, loose, $7 00@7 25. Dry salted shoulders, $6 12½@6 25. Short clear sides, boxed $7 30@7 40. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 27.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 73⅝, 74, 72½, 72½; February 74½, 74⅝, 72⅞, 73c; May 76½@76¾, 76⅞, 75½, 75⅝@75½c. Corn—January 36⅝, 36½, 36⅝, 36½c; February 36⅝, 36⅝, 36½, 36½c; May 38⅛, 38⅜, 38, 38½c. Oats—January 23½, 23½, 23½, 23½c; May 24½@24⅜, 24⅜, 24⅝@24⅝, 24⅝@24⅝. Pork, per bbl—January $13 85, 13 97½, 13 95, 13 90; May $14 25, 14 25, 13 95, 14 00. Lard, per 100 lbs—January $7 37½, 7 37½, 7 35, 7 35; March $7 47½, 7 47½, 7 40, 7 40; May $7 52½, 7 55, 7 45, 7 47½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January $7 00, 7 00. 7 00, 7 00; May $7 17½, 7 20, 7 12½, 7 12½.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, January 16, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, increased demand; prices 1-32d lower; American middling fair 5 13 64d; good middling 5 17 32d; middling 5 7 16d; low middling 5 9 32d; good ordinary 5 1-32d; ordinary 4 25 32d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 8,700 bales American. Receipts 15,000 bales, including 9,400 American.

Futures opened steady and closed firm. American middling (l. m. c.) January 5 24 64d buyer; January and February 5 22 64d buyer; February and March 5 24 64d buyer; March and April 5 17 64d buyer; April and May 5 15-64d buyer; May and June 5 13 64d buyer; June and July 5 10 64@5 11 64d buyer; July and August 5 8 64d seller; August and September 4 59 64@5 60-64d buyer; September 4 59 64@4 60 64d buyer; October 4 41-64d nominal; October and November 4 32-64d nominal.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—430 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—657 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 83 barrels rosin, 97 barrels tar, 15 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—5 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 18 barrels rosin, 71 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—12 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—11 bales cotton, 68 barrels rosin, 19 barrels tar, 7 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—17 bales cotton, 25 barrels rosin, 91 barrels tar.

Steamer Compton—15 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 51 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 1,147 bales; spirits turpentine, 23 casks; rosin, 245 barrels; tar, 280 barrels; crude turpentine, 22 barrels.

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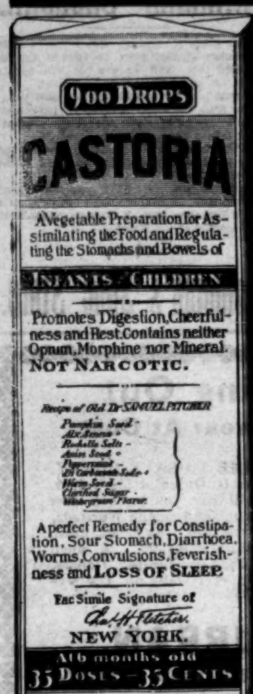

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From New York for Wilmington.

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SAGINAW .... Saturday, Jan. 12

From Wilmington for New York.

SAGINAW .... Saturday, Jan. 5
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From Wilmington for Georgetown.

SAGINAW .... Tuesday, Jan. 1
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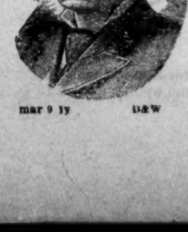

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NATURE'S MIRACLE.

He who loves not a noble tree
No fellowship may claim from me.

Deep in the earth its great roots spread,
But heaven's own blue surrounds its head.

It holds the joy of summer morn,
The strength of winter's wildest born.

God's birds find shelter in its arms,
Secure from everything that harms.

It bows when south winds wander past,
But breasts unharmed the fiercest blast.

'Tis nature's miracle to me,
Her fairest work—a noble tree.
—Ninette M. Lowater in New York Sun.

IN THE LITTLE HOSPITAL.

A Touching Sketch of Two Patients Who Sailed Together.

BY P. Y. BLACK.

In the little country hospital the young nurses were very good and attentive to everybody, not having been in the business long enough to have grown callous. They were nice girls, mostly in their first year's course, and their lips would twitch and their faces whiten very often in the operating room or when they held a patient's hand while he died in the night. But they were brave and went about the pretty hospital singing softly in the cool corridors, carrying little white clothed trays to the sickrooms and being the best of medicines themselves by reason of their neatness, their bright eyes and their kind voices.

Now, one beautiful bright spring afternoon at the railroad junction in the town two trains filled with pleasure seekers smashed together, and the doctors and the matron and the nurses were plunged into a world of work, for ambulance after ambulance came driving up from the scene of the accident and left to the care of the girls many people sorely hurt. And among them was a very little boy about 6 years old whom nobody knew anything about because his father and mother were both killed in the collision, and there was nothing on them to show who or what they were except that they were very poor. It is comprehensible that a very great deal of attention was paid to this little fellow, and he would have been placed in the women's ward, as the hospital was too small for a children's ward, but the women's ward was full. So the boy, quite insensible, was laid on a cot in the men's ward, and next to him was laid a big brown bearded man, also insensible, from whose clothes had been gathered quite a sum of money and whose few papers went to show he had been a sailor. He was a very rough looking man indeed.

The man came to his senses first, and it was night. The nurse on watch was quite frightened at the man. He was in pain, and great allowance must be made for that, but never in all her life had the little nurse to listen to such words as came from the big brown bearded man's lips. He wanted to get up and go right away, but he found he could not move his great massive legs. So he began to abuse his fate and the railway and the hospital and the nurse and mankind in general. He was a very bitter mouthed man indeed. The little nurse by the light of the night lamp did her best to soothe him because he roused other patients, and there was a terrible groaning and wailing in the small ward. And all at once the little boy came to his senses, too, just for a minute, and his face was turned to the sailor's face, and his eyes fell upon the sailor's eyes. He was not quite sensible yet, for it seemed he mistook the sailor for his dead papa, and he said very prettily:

"Good morning, dad. How are you this morning?"

The sailor, looking into the little fellow's eyes, was abashed and stopped his swearing and was silent for a moment and then muttered clumsily:

"I'm all right."

"That's nice," said the boy and became unconscious again.

The sailor did not abuse anything any more just then, but lay groaning, and every now and again when the little nurse slipped by in the shadows he called to her softly, and the first time he said:

"Pretty little chap."

The nurse nodded and smiled, and the sailor smiled back, and until morning came at last he only groaned and watched the child and did not curse at all, but every time the nurse came to wipe his brow or give him a drink he whispered to her to look at the boy.

"Pretty boy! He thought I was his dad," he said and would have laughed only his pain made him groan instead. Again he caught the nurse's hand.

"Said it was nice, he did. Cute, ain't he?" And then his face twisted in pain.

But neither could the sailor rise from his back, and neither could the sailor hope to sail the sea again, for he was in the same case with the child, and both were slowly dying. At first sometimes the big brown man would forget himself in his pain, and the nurses would shut their ears, terrified, and the matron would threaten to move him to a room by himself, and that frightened him to silence, for ever since the accident he had a great love for the child. The child would look at his huge friend in surprise when he fell into one of his rages and say:

"Oh, John, that's not nice!"

And John would bite his lips at once and be patient. Then the child would say:

"How do you feel, John?"

And the sailor would answer:

"First rate, Joe."

"That's nice," little Joe would say. And they would lie quiet and look out of the window at the river and beyond where the big hills purpled to the skies and were always looking up.

So it was in the mornings, when Joe seemed always first awake and ready to have his hands and face washed by the nurse. He could not turn about to see the other patients, but he learned all their names, and as soon as he heard them moving he always asked very politely:

"And how do you feel, Mr. Smith?"

And Mr. Smith would always answer because it pleased the child:

"First rate, Joe."

"That's nice," said Joe. And so he would ask each in turn, and to each answer, always the same, he would reply cheerfully, "That's nice."

And when they asked him how it went with him he always said, though sometimes with an effort, "I'm pretty well, thank you." Then everybody would say with real pleasure, "That's nice, Joe."

So the summer went on, and very few patients came to the hospital, and John and Joe were all alone, save for the nurses who grew to dread the time that was soon to part the friends.

At last they told the sailor that there was no hope at all for him. A clergyman came to prepare him. He took the news very calmly, but instantly whispered:

"And the little fellow, Joe?"

"Don't tell him," said the minister. "He is so innocent he needs no preparation. But you?"

For days the poor sailor was in much trouble, and one night he whispered to his little companion:

"Joe, say you was rich as Vanderbilt and he was going a long sail, would you leave me behind?"

"No, John," said the child very earnestly; "I would want you to come too."

"Would you feel sorry, Joe, to sail away and leave me on the wharf, or—or if you was safe in a fine big ship, see me busted to pieces on the rocks?"

"John," said the child, "I would jump out and pull you to my ship, I would."

"Good old Joe," said the sailor, and said nothing more until prayer time, when he squeezed Joe's hand and whispered:

"Pray hard, Joe. Pray hard for me to come along. Pray for two, Joe."

And little Joe prayed for two.

The two used to watch for the searchlight of the big night boat which ran between two great cities on the river. When the steamer turned a point, its light flashed for an instant full on the front of the little hospital. Joe and John, hand in hand, very, very weak now, would lie and watch for it. Joe had made a story that it knew they were there and smiled in on purpose to say "Good night." Always he piped "good night" in return and John also. Then Joe, squeezing the once powerful hairy hand, would feebly ask:

"How do you feel, John, tonight?"

"First rate, Joe," poor John would answer, with a smothered groan.

"That's nice."

And they would lie very still or gradually go to sleep.

And so one night the steamboat came up the river and turned the point and cast its light upon the little hospital.

"Good night," said the sailor in a very low, husky whisper, while Joe's little hand rested on his. But the boy's eyes were wide with a strange light.

"It didn't say 'good night,' John," he whispered and tried to squeeze his friend's hand. "It said 'goodby.'"

The sailor tried to rise in bed, but was unable even to call out. He saw the river, but he could not see the other side. It was dark. He was afraid. His fingers closed round the child's feebly.

"How—do—you—feel tonight, dear John?" said little Joe's voice very softly and tenderly.

There was a moment's pause. The sailor's voice rang out with a glad cry:

"First rate, Joe."

"That's nice," said the child.

And the little nurses, running in, found the friends had gone together.—Los Angeles Times.

A Costly Flower.

"I see that a single rose has sold as high as $150."

"Pooh! A single rose cost me a good deal more than that. A certain young woman gave me a rose, and this encouraged me to offer her my name. Later on she assumed charge of my bank account. I'll bet every smell in that rose cost me a cool hundred!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Parisian Joke.

"It's going round! I must be on the moving sidewalk at the exposition."—Journal Amusant.

Three Months and Labor.

Frowsy Francis—Yer lookin orful bad, Simpy.

Shady Simpson—Yes'm! It's de first time I've been outer doors for three months.

Frowsy Francis—Wot was de matter wiv yer?

Shady Simpson—Nothin! But the judge wouldn't believe it!—American Fun.

Chinese Dressmakers.

The sewing as well as dressmaking is all done by men tailors in China. There are many amusing stories told of them as copyists of the American's way of making up garments. A friend had need of a dozen undergarments. As she came over on shipboard a button was lost, and an exceedingly clumsy and ugly one replaced the lost one, which was of pearl. On reaching Shanghai she desired a tailor to copy from this garment, which was placed in his hands as a model. He brought back the garments, exquisite creations in lace and tucked muslin and each of the dozen adorned with a button exactly like the one on the sample garment.

Upon having his attention called to the ugly button his reply was, "Likee missy," and he was greatly disappointed that his efforts to please were not appreciated. He had spent many hours in search for "likee" buttons and no doubt was greatly disgusted with the unreasonableness of the foreign lady.—Alice Hamilton Rich in Woman's Home Companion.

Appropriate.

People who have the mistaken idea that poets prefer to be addressed in what is commonly called "high flown language" sometimes say strange things.

One such misguided individual spoke to Colonel John Hay in a hotel parlor soon after the great fire in Chicago.

"Well, Colonel Hay," she said, advancing with outstretched hand and her sweetest smile, "I suppose we shall soon have the pleasure of seeing the great fire embalmed in your liquid verse, shall we not?"

More Fit.

"Jaysmith is a sharp man," said Bloobumper.

"I should use the comparative degree instead of the positive," said Spatts.

"How's that?"

"I should call him a sharper."—Detroit Free Press.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY

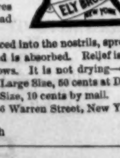
Photographed from life

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN D'HARRA, Paris

nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

Nasal CATARRH



In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

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sep 15 tf sa tu th

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Best Cream Cheese,
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McNAIR & PEARSALL.

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Special attention to boarders. A new lot of Horses and Mules for sale cheap. Both 'Phones No. 124. No. 208-210 Market street.

jan 18 tf

The Particular Man is . . .

THE MAN WE DELIGHT IN PLEASING IN FOOTWEAR—

as to style, shape, material and workmanship. We have in our salesroom and in transit the swellest line of Men's Dress Shoes ever shown in the city, and at prices that are sure to please.

AN INSPECTION OF OUR SHOES WILL PROVE OUR ASSERTIONS.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

dec 29 tf

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

at 208-210 North Front Street,

Has been busy for the past two weeks taking inventory of stock. We find that we have had a very prosperous business, and now we have a few things to close out. In our Underwear Department, we have 50 Men's Over-Shirts we will sell for 10c each. We have 140 Laundered Percale Shirts, regular 50c goods, now 33c each. Boys' fine silk-trimmed Under-Shirts and Pants, worth 50c, we will now sell for 29c. Men's heavy Fleeced Underwear, worth 50c, now 35c. 100 pairs Men's Red Flannel Drawers to close at 43c a pair. Men's heavy double-breasted Red Flannel Under-Shirts, worth $1.25, now 98c. A lot of Men's and Women's Sample Underwear. Union Suits and Shirts and Pants, all grades, at half price. Men's Night-Shirts in Canton Flannel, full size, for 50c each; in Muslin at 39 and 50c each. We have Warner's Health Corsets for 50c each, worth $1.00. Misses Corsets 18 to 26—Royal Brand, worth 50c, for 29c.

BABY CAPS, HOODS AND SACQUES—In this department we have a full supply. We can sell you a beautiful Embroidered Silk Cap for 25c and up. Crocheted Sacques, all wool, at 22c. Children's and Misses' Hoods from 10c up. HATS—We are selling the Lady Smith Hat in the newest styles—the lowest price has been 75c—they are now 50c. 100 fine Felt Hats in assorted shapes and styles, regular 50c goods, now 25c. Our $1.00 French Felts in Shapes and Flats are now 50c. We have just received a big line of Embroidery and Insertion, 500 pieces to select from. We have it in all grades, widths and prices from 5c to 35c. Also, a big lot of 4½ yard Remnants at specially low prices.

NOTIONS.—We have 6 ounce bottles of Vaseline for 5c. A pint bottle of Household Ammonia for 10c. Shoe Blacking for 1c a box. Ladies' Shoe Polish for 5c a bottle. Shoe Paste and Dressing for 5c a box. Shoe Brads at 3c a box; Half Soles at 10c a pair; Inner Soles at 10c a pair. We have 50 pairs Child's Rubbers at 10c a pair; 50 pairs Woman's Rubbers at 20c a pair; 50 pairs Men's Bubbers at 50c a pair. Clark's best Machine Thread for 3c a spool. J. O. King's Machine Thread, 2 spools for 5c. Paper Pins for 1c a paper. Dress Buttons 1c per dozen. Dragon Thread, colored, at 1c a spool. Best Percale, yard wide, in Remnants, for 5c a yard. Shirt Waist Calico for 4c per yard. A large Linen Towel, worth 12½c, now 10c. We have 8 pieces Table Linen in the Red and White 40c goods, now 25c; Blue and White, thick and heavy, extra quality, now 18c. Good Bleached Table Linen for 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. 20 dozen all linen Ladies' Handkerchiefs for 5c each. Yard wide Sea Island Shirting for 5c a yard.

WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE feels very thankful to the many customers it has had in the past. And now that we are through taking stock and find we have these goods to close out, we have cut the prices in many cases to one-half, and we ask you to take this ad. and come to see us. We guarantee to do what we say.

WE THANK YOU for your liberal patronage in the past, and wish to remind you that we are still giving away Presents with every cash purchase. We have on hand Lounges, nice Writing Desks, Cradles, fine Tables, Chinaware, Glassware, and Brussels and Moquet Rugs, which we give away free to all customers who spend their cash with us. Come to see

THE BIG RACKET STORE,

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

PROPRIETOR.

jan 18 tf

All we ask is that you just try one of these

Buck Stoves and Ranges. If they do not please you better than any you have ever used, we will take same back without expense to you. We also have a full line of Buck Heating Stoves; and last but not least, the wonderful Comfort Heater. "Great Goods These."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
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1837 **THE SUN** 1901

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For the People AND
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jan 4 tf

FLORIDA WEST S.A.L. INDIA SHORT LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Jan. 13th, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M., Athens, Ga., 3:43 A. M., Atlanta 6:05 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No 27 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 6:30 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6:30 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 8:05 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 8:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:35 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 402 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:37 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:10 P. M.; train No. 27 from Richmond and points North at 10.27 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 9.40 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9.00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH,
General Passenger Agent.

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1831 *Seventy-First Year.* 1901

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jan 3 tf

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule In Effect Jan. 13, 1901.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.25 P. M., Richmond 7.25 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M., Weldon 1.39 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 3.10 A. M., Richmond 4.00 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.73 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.12 P. M., Columbia 10.35 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 11.10 A. M., Tampa 6.45 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.25 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 8.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.57 P. M., Petersburg 7.45 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.15 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.96 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.50 A. M., Sanford 2.20 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 5.48 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.29 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 6.05 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 P. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.51 A. M., Payton 10.41 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.00 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M.; 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.06 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.28 P. M., Latta 6.42 P. M., Pee Dee 7.08 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.15 A. M., Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.35 P. M., Manning 6.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10.00 M., *8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M., *4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 5.59 A. M., Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 7.51 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M., 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12.32 A. M., Rowland 6.06 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 1022 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M., Selma 1.50 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.05 A. M., Creston 4.54 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.55 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.29 P. M., Creston 5.32 P. M., Sumter 6.24 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrive Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leave Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrive Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 1.50 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

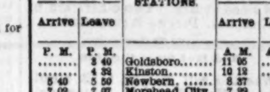
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

jan 16 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.



To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern........	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City.	7 22	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 28 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 17.

TO PROTECT AMERICAN INTERESTS IN VENEZUELA.

U. S. Warship Scorpion Ordered from La Guira to Guanoco—Will Use Her Guns If Necessary.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16—At the request of the State Department the Navy Department has instructed the commander of the Scorpion to proceed at once from La Guira to Guanoco, Venezuela, to protect American interests, upon reports that the revolutionary movement there is increasing and the attempt is making to take possession of the arms of the New York & Bermundez Company.

The news came to the State Department from a private but perfectly reliable source, and was made the basis of immediate representations to the Navy Department. Secretary Long responded very promptly Captain Coates, acting as chief of the Navigation Bureau, conferred with Acting Secretary of State Hill respecting the movements of the naval vessels and the character of the instructions to be sent to Lieutenant Commander Sargent of the Scorpion, which happens to be the only vessel available for immediate service, and adjacent to the scene of trouble.

Commander Sargent has been instructed to avoid bloodshed and the destruction of property, if possible. Still, taken in connection with what has gone before, there is little doubt that if the disturbing forces in Venezuela, whether governmental or revolutionary, are seeking to take action toward disposing of the incumbents in the asphalt concession, in defiance of the tacit agreement that there should first be a thorough judicial inquiry, the United States warship will prevent that action—peaceably if possible, forcibly if necessary. Guanoco is not to be found on the ordinary charts, but it is said to be the nearest point to the asphalt concessions accessible to the Scorpion, lying up the Orinoco river, about two days run from La Guira, so that the warship should be at the seat of the trouble before the end of the present week.

The State Department also is in receipt of private but trustworthy advices that the Orinoco Shipping and Trading Company, two of whose vessels were seized yesterday by the Venezeulan government, is an English corporation. The vessels are under British registry but fly the Venezeulan flag. The State Department is unable to intervene directly to compel restitution, but as American capital is invested in the company, it has directed Minister Loomis to use his good offices as far as possible to protect these American interests.

HAY-PAUNCEFOTE TREATY.

Great Britain Will Not Accept the Senate's Amendments.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 16—There is no shadow of doubt that if the opinion of the Foreign Office is followed Great Britain will either regretfully express her inability to comply with the amendments to the Hay Pauncefote treaty or fail to take any action whatever, in which case the treaty will lapse of itself. Several of Lord Lansdowne's advisors favor the latter course. Were not the question regarded from the broad standpoint of Great Britain's general policy towards the United States, it would be safe to say the Senate's amendments would meet with a prompt refusal, and if that does occur it will be done with a full appreciation on the part of Great Britain of any and all consequences.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice January 16, 1901.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Cally Artray, M Anthony, Susie Acals, D G Baker, Jessie Biggs, S V Blankers, Lula Baker, M B Barkley, Parline Charlers, Sarah Carter, Hattie Hoffman, Daisy Jackson, Wm King, F A McMillan, Josephine Mersion, Kathrine McKay; Robert McNee, Nancy Mayor, Emma I Piatt, Lula Pickett, C V Shipman, W T Sergeant, Emerline Wood, Elmira Williams, H Ward, Hattie Wilkins, Lizzie Watts.

MEN'S LIST.

D D Burroughs, Henry Beneman, M G Bardwell, R H Brown, Sol Bertha (col), W R Bonham, C C Cain, Jos Carprive, W H Custis, Davis Davis, Floyd Duda, M P Davis, Sam Everson, L L Franklin, Peter Futmore, C H Gaskins, Jno T Gresham, C C Hokely, Empire Hotel, Geo Harriss, James Henry, Jno Hardwick, Willie Hayar, A J James, Frank Kranse, Kellie Katson, W D Kelly, M Landin, W R Laurence, E F Miller, J M Mears, R J McDonald, Wm Mc Millan, W C Mercer, Henry Pollock, James Pigford, N A Parker, W A Penny, T J Rittenbank, Andrew Sykes, Jas D Smith, Jerry Swindell, W C Sessions (2), W Shadrick, W R Shaw, Bertie Walker, E B Whitehead, Alex Wells, Jno H Weeden, J H Witthers, P H Warick, J J Williams.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Lawrence Murphey, R K McVery.

MERCHANDISE.

W A Cromatie, Neal Fisher, J L Powell, D W Davis.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office. M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT. †

Three of the crew of the British steamer Friary, which sailed from Alexandria December 22d via Algiers December 31st for Hull, Eng., have died since Friday. Two others are in the hospital. Plague is suspected.

Red Hot from the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich., in the civil war. It caused horrible ulcers that no treatment helped for twenty years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. It cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns and Skin Eruptions. The best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

UPPER CLASSMEN CALLED COWARDS

Senators Denounce Hazing Practices at West Point in Scathing Terms.

ARMY REORGANIZATION BILL.

A Final Vote Will Be Taken Upon the Measure in the Senate on Friday. River and Harbor Bill Passed by the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—A final vote upon the pending Army Reorganization bill will be taken by the Senate at 4 o'clock Friday under the terms of an agreement reached late to day. The feature of the debate was the denunciation of the practice of hazing at the West Point Military Academy. Senator Allen of Nebraska, Senator Money of Mississippi and Senator McCumber of North Dakota declared it to be an evidence of brutality and cowardice.

Senator Teller moved to strike out that paragraph of the bill which empowered the President to place on the retired list any officer who has been suspended from duty by sentence of court martial or by executive order in mitigation of such sentence. The amendment was agreed to.

Senator Allen declared his opposition to the pending measure in any form. He declared it was wrong in its purposes and radically wrong constitutionally. He declared that the Filipinos owe allegiance only to their own island government, however weak and puny it may be. They are not rebels, though they may be insurgents.

"The flippancy with which the term traitor and treason are being used these days," said Senator Allen, "is getting to be a stench in the nostrils of some of us."

He declared that brutality had been developed at West Point which ought not to be expected to exist among barbarians. "The prize fighter," said Senator Allen, "is a gentleman compared with some of those young ruffians at West Point. The first thing a fourth class man meets at West Point is brutal assault and humiliating indignity. These things take place within the knowledge of the officers of the institution. He who will use his superior strength in humiliating or brutally treating a weaker person is a coward.

"I have information which leads me to believe that hazing at West Point is resorted to to force out of the institution cadets appointed from civil life, in order to make room for the sons of army officers, and if unsuccessful they prescribe a course of examination, which they could not pass themselves, and thus force the prescribed cadet from the school.

Senator Money, Mississippi, declared that if he was a cadet at West Point, "and was hazed in so cowardly and brutal a manner, I would kill the hazers, if the opportunity did not come for a hundred years afterward."

Senator Allen continued: "Those cadets carry hazing almost to the extent of taking life and in one instance recently they have taken life, and the Senator from Mississippi (Money) says they have taken life in several instances."

Senator Teller declared that the conditions in the Philippine islands had not improved since the United States had succeeded Spain there. Senator Teller said: "I want to hold the islands because I think that would be better for the Filipinos and that the islands will be valuable to us. If, however, we can hold them only by force, there is no consideration, financial or any other, that will justify us in retaining them."

Senator Butler, North Carolina, in opposing the pending measure, said he was ready now to vote for any army that the government might need for the present emergency, or any emergency that might arise, but he was unalterably opposed to the creation of a large standing army. He urged that not a single reason had been furnished for the creation of an army of 100,000 soldiers.

"Every soldier in the army under this bill will be a volunteer," interjected Senator Hawley. "We will be here next year and can take care of the situation then as may be deemed desirable."

Senator Butler responded that that was a mere sham and dodge, and not a reason for the proposed action.

Senator Hawley asked for unanimous consent that a final vote be taken on the bill and amendments at 3 o'clock to morrow. Senator Daniel, Virginia, objected.

Senator Hawley then requested a final vote at 4 o'clock on Friday. To this no objection was entered and the agreement was announced formally.

After almost an hour's executive session, the Senate at 5.50 P. M. adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The River and Harbor Appropriation bill was passed to-day by the House. The bill passed practically as it came from the committee. It carries slightly less than $60,000,000, of which $28,000,000 is in direct appropriations. The friends of the Missouri river improvement, although they were unsuccessful in securing what they desired, persuaded Chairman Burton to offer an amendment to permit owners of property abutting on the Missouri to build dykes and wing dams for its protection, where such structures do not interfere with the navigation of the stream. The section empowering the President to negotiate with Great Britain for the maintenance of suitable levels on the Great Lakes was broadened so as to provide for a joint commission to conduct the negotiations.

The House laid on the table the Dearmond resolution calling upon the War Department for all information relative to the alleged action of Gen. Chaffee in protesting against the looting in China, with the recommendation that it lie on the table. Mr. Dearmond said he was satisfied with the Secretary of State's explanation of the difficulty in answering.

Chairman Burton offered a substitute for Section 4, which was adopted. It authorized the President to invite Great Britain to join in an annual commission, composed of three members from each country, to report from time to time upon the conditions and uses of the waters adjacent to the boundary line between the United States and Canada, including all the lakes and rivers whose waters flow by the St. Lawrence to the Atlantic ocean; also, upon the maintenance and regulation of suitable levels and of the effect upon the shores of the waters and upon the interests of navigation by reason of their diversion from their natural flow and to make necessary recommendations. It also authorized the President to appoint the United States members of the commission and authorize them to employ experts, etc.

Several minor amendments were offered and defeated.

Upon the completion of the bill Mr. Cushman, Washington, attempted to prevent the committee from rising and reporting the bill to the House, but he was overwhelmed, the vote standing 185 to 2. The committee accordingly rose. Mr. Cushman moved to recommit the bill. He demanded the ayes and noes, but was supported by only four members. This motion being lost, Mr. Sulzer, New York, demanded the ayes and noes on the passage of the bill. Only thirteen members backed the demand and the bill was passed without division.

The Senate concurrent resolution to pay the expenses of the inauguration of the President and Vice President, amended so as to provide for a joint committee of the House and Senate in charge, was adopted.

Another concurrent resolution to provide for this joint committee the details of the inauguration ceremonies also was adopted.

Then, at 5.15 P. M., the House adjourned

A MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

Body of a Man With Throat Cut Found in a Trunk on a Busy Thoroughfare in New York City.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The body of a man, with throat cut from ear to ear and showing other marks of violence, was found in a trunk on a pile of skids at the bulkhead of Pier 11, East river, just before noon to-day. It was identified two hours later by a woman as the body of Michael Weissberger, or Weissberg, an Eastside Hebrew, who was employed by a jewelry firm to sell jewelry on the installment plan. Police Captain Titus declared that the motive for the crime was robbery, and intimated that at least two men were concerned in the murder. Attention was called to the trunk by some longshoremen working on the pier. It lay within fifty feet of the rear end of the Old Slip station house and in a busy thoroughfare. There was a spatter of blood on the trunk. Patrolman Reilly opened the trunk. Lying on its left side, and with knees doubled up, was the body of a man, the upper part completely drenched in blood. An examination of the body showed, in addition to the terrible gash in the head, a number of bruises on the abdomen, forehead, chin, nose and lips, and three of the victim's front teeth had been knocked out. The body had been partially undressed.

COTTON MILL MEN.

Agreement on Hours of Labor and Employment of Children in Factories. Petition the Legislature.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 16.—Sixty North Carolina mill owners, said to represent over one hundred cotton mills, met in Greensboro, N. C., today to consider the questions of reduction of hours and child labor. An agreement and petition was signed by forty of those in attendance and it was decided to circulate it among all the mill owners of North Carolina for their approval. It provides that, taking effect March 1, 1901, a week's work shall not exceed sixty six hours; no child less than twelve years old shall work in a cotton mill during a school term; provided that this is not to apply to children of widows or physically disabled parents; that ten years shall be lowest limit at which children may be worked; all will promote the education of the working people, on the basis of these agreements of cotton mill owners they petition the Legislature not to pass any labor laws at this session.

WARM WIRELETS

The Legislature of Tennessee elected E. W. Carmack U. S. Senator for the term beginning March 4th, 1901.

William A. Clark elected United States Senator to succeed Senator Carter, by the Legislature of Montana.

The General Assembly of South Carolina unanimously re-elected Hon. B. R. Tillman United States Senator to succeed himself.

The Pennsylvania Legislature yesterday verified the vote of Tuesday and formally declared Mr. Quay's election as Senator.

The General Assembly of Delaware met in joint session yesterday and voted for two United States Senators. The vote resulted in no choice.

Mr. Kruger is undecided whether to visit America. He will do so, if assured that President McKinley will receive him officially as President of the Transvaal.

A joint resolution was passed by the Kansas Legislature deploring and condemning the Leavenworth lynching. The resolution favors a most rigid investigation and punishment.

Governor Stanley, of Kansas, decided late last night that he would not issue an offer for a reward for the arrest of the perpetrators of the negro burning in Leavenworth.

J. Provost Mason, third teller of the Continental National Bank, of New York, is in jail, charged with embezzlement. Mason was arrested late last night, charged with stealing $3,000 by means of false entries.

Cornelius L. Alvord, defaulting note teller of the First National Bank of New York, was sentenced to thirteen years imprisonment. The amount of his defalcation was $690,000. He was taken immediately to Sing Sing.

According to advices from Dahomey, the Moslem tribes are openly preparing for rebellion. They refuse to recognize the sovereignty of King Toffa and the governor has been obliged to suspend his tour of the north country.

At a meeting of North Carolina and Virginia base ball men held in Norfolk last night a Virginia-North Carolina league was formed. It includes Raleigh, Danville, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Newport News-Hampton and Richmond.

The President has sent to Congress the preliminary report of the Agricultural Department, with a favorable recommendation for the purchase of land for a national forest reserve in Western North Carolina, Eastern Tennessee and adjacent States.

The State Department at Washington has been advised of the formal signature by the Chinese plenipotentiaries of the Pekin agreement, but so far it knows nothing officially of the difficulties which arose in connection with the affixing of the seals.

At a joint session of the Senate and House Democrats of the Pennsylvania Legislature, resolutions were adopted expelling from the party and denouncing in very vigorous language those Democrats who aided the Quay Republicans in the organization of the House, and Wm. J Galvin, who also voted for Quay for United States Senator.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, and brain fag into mental power. They are wonderful in building up the health. Only 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

MILL GIRL MURDER AT PATERSON, N. J.

Counsel for the Defence in the Trial Practically Closed Its Case.

ACCUSED TELL THEIR STORY.

The Three Men Charged With the Murder of Jennie Boschieter Give Their Version of Events on the Night the Girl Met Her Death.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 16.—Counsel for the defence in the Jennie Boschieter murder trial to day practically closed their case. William A. Death, Walter L. McAllister and Andrew Campbell, the three men on trial for the murder, told their versions of the events of the night Jennie Boschieter met her death while in their company. Their testimony varied but little as to details. The plea set up by counsel for the three defendants was a general and specific denial of all the accusations made against the men. He opened with an attack on the moral character of the dead girl and claimed that the prisoners were in no way responsible for the death of Jennie Boschieter. He denied that she had been drugged and he denied that she had been ill-treated and assaulted.

McAllister, Death and Campbell were each on the stand. Their testimony was on the line that they were acting on a generous impulse when they took the girl out of the saloon to the hack. They claimed that she was "jolly drunk" for a time in the back room of Saal's saloon; said she was joking and laughing after the first drink; that she became "dopey" after taking the absinthe and then became dead drunk. They thought a drive in the fresh air would do her good and had taken her across the river out into the country. The assault was denied. They had lifted the girl out of the hack because she was sick and they had conducted themselves like humanitarians in their efforts to bring her back to her senses. They had taken her to the brook to obtain water. They would have taken her home after she was dead, but when they reached the neighborhood they saw persons about. They were frightened at "the dead girl," and did not want to get mixed up in the scandal.

They maintained that they had no evil intentions against the girl. The meeting in the saloon was unintentional so far as McAllister was concerned, and he had drawn his friend Kerr into the case unwittingly. Campbell became mixed up in it because Death did not want to be seen on the street with the girl lest some one should tell his wife. The hack, it would appear from the statements made by the prisoners, was not intended for the party at first, but for McAllister, Kerr, and two young women whose names McAllister refused to divulge on the ground that their names had not been mentioned before and he did not want to cause them annoyance. The stop intended at Lee's was not connected with the girl they had with them, but because, although she had had enough to drink, the men had further capacity. The story as told by each appeared plausible, explanatory and reasonable, but conflicted with the testimony of the hackman and the alleged confessions of Death and Campbell as introduced by the State and admitted as evidence. The State, which was beaten yesterday in the effort to introduce the confession said to have been made by Campbell, succeeded in getting it all in, even more detailed in manner than would have been possible yesterday.

Dr. Charles J. Loffer, of New York city, who was called by the defence, said he had seen person "knocked out" by absinthe.

Prosecutor Emley asked him the hypothetical question:

"If a person had died after having taken absinthe, and chloral was found in the stomach, what would you say she died off?"

"From chloral poison," was the reply.

To-morrow the summing up will occur and probably the case will be left with the jury about sundown, although it may be that Judge Dixon will defer the charge to the jury until Friday.

PASSENGER ASSOCIATION.

Reduced Rates Agreed Upon for the Inauguration at Washington and Other Events.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Jan. 16.—The second day's session of the Trans-Continental Passenger Association disposed of important matters to day. It was decided that for the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo the regular Summer tourist rates would be put on. For the National Educational Association's meeting at Detroit, July 8th to 12th, it was decided to put on a thirty day one fare rate. Such was also decided upon for the tri-annual conclave of the Knights Templar, to be held at Louisville, August 27th to 30th. The matter of the Knights of Pythias Convention at San Francisco in 1902 was referred to a committee of the lines terminal at San Francisco. For the Presidential inauguration, March 4th, at Washington, a thirty-day one-fare rate was agreed to. The same rate was made for the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Elks at Milwaukie in July, and similar rates were made for the Christian Endeavor Convention at Cincinnati in June.

BOERS CONCENTRATING.

Gen. DeWet Crossed the Vaal River and Joined Forces With the Transvaal Commandoes.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 17.—The important report received from Johannesburg that General DeWet has crossed the Vaal and joined forces with the Transvaal commandoes, if true, probably means the concentration of seven thousand Boers, with several guns, for another big attack.

There is a rumor current in Cape Town that several Boer leaders are urging an attack upon the mines. It has long been understood that General DeWet has been anxious to join the invaders in Cape Colony and this rumor may be spread to cover an attempt to break southward.

The response to the government's call for volunteers is said to be very brisk in both London and the provinces. Defensive measures in South Africa proceed apace.

Seven thousand men have joined the city guard in Cape Town and three thousand others have volunteered in the suburbs.

LYNCHING IN FLORIDA.

Negro Who Confessed to Wrecking a Fast Train on the Plant System Hanged by a Mob Near Dunnelon.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

OCALA, FLA., January 16.—Norman McKinney, colored, has been lynched for wrecking the Plant System's fast train near Dunnelon Sunday night, and the victim implicated two others, who may share the same fate if they are caught. In less than two hours after the wreck, in which the engineer was killed, the county officers were on the trail of the wreckers and a dozen arrests were made before Monday at noon. All of the arrests were on suspicion and several of the persons arrested were liberated, proving conclusively that they were not the guilty party. Monday afternoon McKinney was taking a deep interest in the affair and was promptly arrested by the authorities, also on suspicion. That night he was questioned so closely and told so many conflicting stories that it was decided to carry him to Inverness to the county jail. On the way a mob of fifty or more overpowered the officers and took the prisoner. He was taken back to the scene of the wreck, and he there confessed to the crime, implicating and describing the two others, who have escaped, but are now being hunted for. After the confession, in which he stated that the train was wrecked for the purpose of robbery, he was hung to a tree. The coroner's jury returned the verdict that he met death at the hands of unknown parties.

TROOPS COMING HOME.

Thirty-sixth Volunteer Infantry to Sail from Manila.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, January 16—The United States transport Buford arrived here from Vigan, on the northwest coast of the island of Luzon, this evening with the Thirty sixth regiment of infantry U. S. V. The soldiers will land to-morrow, camp on the luneta and sail on the transport Pennsylvania for San Francisco January 25th. This regiment was the earliest organized of the present volunteers. Some of the men will join the new Manila police, under Provost Marshal General J. Franklin Bell, the original colonel of the Thirty sixth regiment. The United States transport Indiana will sail for San Francisco with sick soldiers, on the return of the hospital ship Relief from Aparri.

STEAMER VIGILANCIA.

Passengers Taken Off the Wreck and Landed at Havana.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, January 16.—The passengers of the Ward Line steamer Vigilancia, which went ashore Monday morning on the reefs off Los Colorados, about one hundred miles west of this city, in a fog, have arrived here on the steamer Orizaba, which went to her assistance with two tugs and lighters. The wind has veered southward and there is no sea running. It is thought the vessel will be saved if the weather holds.

The Vigilancia now lies in eleven feet of water. She has a bad list to starboard and her boilers are displaced. They cannot be used. But she is not making water. The cattle and freight on board of her have been unloaded and sent to Havana.

THE COTTON CROP.

Statistician Neill Claims That His Estimate is Substantiated.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Jan. 16.—The *Times Democrat* will to-morrow publish a letter from statistician Neil in which he shows that his estimate at the beginning of the cotton season, that the crop would not exceed nine and three quarter million bales is substantiated by the season's receipts, the present visible and future outlook.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

A. B. Caldwell, founder of the Independent Order of Foresters, died yesterday in Syracuse, N. Y.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED—QUALITY.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

A Few Goods Left

FROM CHRISTMAS WILL BE SOLD AT COST PRICE. BANANAS, ORANGES, MALAGA GRAPES, OF VERY FINE QUALITY ARE INCLUDED IN THE LIST.

ANDREW MAVRONICHOLS,

dec 28 tf 119 Market street, 700 North Fourth street.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

Wanted—Shipments Beef Cattle and Dressed Pork at once. I am also receiving Quail, Eggs, Turkeys, Chickens, Furs, Hides, Wax, Cotton and Naval Stores as usual. T. D. Love, No. 114 North Water street. jan 6 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Blacksmith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

5,000,000 choice cabbage plants and 1,000 barrels smooth Irish Potatoes for sale cheap by W. P. Sangham, Proprietor Cottage Grove and Honey Pod Truck Farm, Washington, N. C. Rush orders along. nov 15 1m

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Lauden & Bates', S. M. H. 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 290. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 96. jy 6 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Bowdlear's Floor Wax.

PATENTED.

If you you cannot obtain this Wax in your own town, we will send you prepaid, the quantity you may require, on receipt of 50 cts. per pound. Payable in stamps.

Pulverized. For Dancing Floors; will not ball on the feet; will not soil the clothing. All ready. Anybody can apply it.

The floor must be clean and free from oil. Sprinkle it, and the dancers will do the rest. Put up in pound packages.

One pound is sufficient for a floor space of 10,000 square feet, and if not wasted will be found to go four times as far as anything else on the market.

No Dust is Another Favorable Feature.

Samples Sent on Request.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,

149 Pearl Street. - - Boston, Mass.

dec 6 6m tu th sa

Seed Rye.

37 Bushels Seed Rye.
1,246 Bushels R. P. Oats.
378 Bundles Hoop Iron.
1,500 Bags German Kainit.
2,100 Bags Navassa Guano,
1,350 Bags Gibbs' High Grade.
2,740 Bags 13 per cent. Acid.
1,180 Bushels Best Corn.
210 Dozen Market Baskets.
315 Bags Wheat Bran.
272 Boxes Com. Soap.
25 Boxes Borax Soap.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,

jan 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FURNITURE TO MEASURE.

Never heard of such a thing? Why we have been selling it that way for years. All we want is the measure of your pocket book—the extent to which you will go. Our offering for the week includes

Leather Rockers from $3 00 to $6.00
Highback Diners from 5.00 to 8.00

There's unexpected opportunities for saving in all our lines.

MUNROE & KELLY,

No. 17 South Front street.

Bell 'Phone 115. jan 15 tf

Apples.

Evaporated Apples,
Baldwin Apples,
Raisins,
C. C. Nuts,
Mixed and Penny Candy,
Full line of Heavy Groceries.

SEND US YOUR ORDERS.

S. P. McNair,

dec 2 tf NORTH WATER STREET.

An Unsatisfactory Article

Will never confront you if you buy here exclusively. We guarantee this. This big, profitable business of ours could never have been built up if any but co methods had been infused into it. Our shirts wear out, of course, but not before seeing long service.

VonGlahn & Gibson,

Jan 13 tf No 5 North Front street.

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.

We cut hair, too.
As well as shampoo.

GOOCH & DAVIS,
7 South Front street.

P. S.—Brush the gentleman cap a pis. an 23 tf

....HANAN SHOES.....

The grade of Hanan's Shoes that was $6 continues at that price, in spite of the increased cost. And we are the sole agents here, too, of the "Best Shoe on Earth."

Hanan's Footwear will suit the most particular man who walks—whether his particularness hinges on fit, style, wearability or whatever it may be.

It's Footwear into the making of which the best stock and the best shoemaking talent known enters.

Some of you gentlemen who have your shoes made to measure don't know what a lot of bother is saved in buying Hanan's—to say nothing of the money.

Solomon's Shoe Store.

jan 15 tf

We Are Closing Out

Our Winter Underwear At Cost.

NOW'S THE TIME TO SAVE MONEY.

We are also offering Suits to Order at big values. If you are in need it will pay you to look over our stock of English, French and Scotch Worsteds, Thibets, Vicunas and Cassimeres. As for fit, finish and Trimmings, we have no superiors, and when we turn out a garment it always pleases. Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, and everything in the way of FURNISHING GOODS.

M. H. CURRAN,

107 Princess Street.

jan 13 tf

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.,

108 Princess Street.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS AT RATE OF

4% PER ANNUM,

Compounded Quarterly.

Deposits received from 25 cents up.

Money can be withdrawn any business day without notice. Amounts deposited after the first day of the month begin to draw interest on the first of the following month. This applies not only to our regular quarters, but to every month in the year.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. jan 10 tf

Statement of Condition of

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, North Carolina.

At the close of business December 13, 1900. (Began business March 1st, 1899.)

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$365,750 56	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
Stocks and Bonds	1,043 00	Profits less expenses	34,961 46
U. S Bonds	197,100 00	Circulation	146 650 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,500 00	Deposits	434,190 21
Fire per cent. redemption fund	7,250 00		
Revenue Stamps	453 02		
Office Furniture	750 00		
Cash on hand and in banks	234,753 11		
Total	$813,001 67	Total	$813,001 67

WE SOLICIT YOUR ACCOUNT.

We can Furnish you Every Accommodation Consistent with Safe Banking dec 20 tu

A. D. BROWN.

Embroideries, Laces and White Goods.

To the Ladies of Wilmington and the surrounding country:

YOU are cordially and respectfully invited to call and examine the most beautiful selection of NEW EMBROIDERIES we have ever shown in Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss. Some of the match sets are just magnificent, and the All-Over Embroideries are all entirely new patterns this season. We have in stock quite an extensive assortment of LACES and WHITE GOODS, but will receive many new things during the week.

We are offering some extra values in White Bed Spreads. Don't fail to see them.

Respectfully,

A. D. BROWN.

jan 1 tf

YOU ARE INVITED TO CALL

at the office of the Guardian Security, Trust and Deposit Co. for one of these HOME SAVINGS BANKS, which we will lend you. You may hesitate to bring small amounts to deposit, but these Bank Safes you can have at your home, where you can deposit any amount and at any time when convenient. Try one of these Banks and the amount you can save will surprise you. Money deposited now will draw 4 per cent. from February 1st, 1901.

THE GUARDIAN SECURITY, TRUST AND DEPOSIT COMPANY,

(Opposite the Postoffice.)

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 13 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

J. W. NORWOOD, PRES. D. L. GORE, VICE-PRES.
ANDREW MORELAND, CASHIER.

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Statement of condition at close of business December 13, 1900.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 194,494 10	Capital	$ 125,000.00
U. S. Bonds	216,100.00	Surplus and undivided profits	120,793 09
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	10 000 00	National bank notes outstanding	23,190 00
Redemption fund	3,000.00	Deposits	1,100,308.55
Due from banks & bankers, $204 678.38			
Cash on hand	192,392 13—417,200.41		
	$1,440,794 87		$1,440,794.87

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, Merchants and others solicited. Large Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at moderate prices.

DIRECTORS:

P. L. BRIDGERS, D. L. GORE, S. P. McNAIR, G. A. NORWOOD
E. J. POWERS, H. B. SHORT, W. E. SPRINGER, H. L. VOLLERS,
C. W. WORTH, J. W. NORWOOD, J. L. COKER.

jan 9 tf

Don't miss the Great Remnant Sale at REHDER'S.

REMNANTS OF Silks, Dress Goods, all kinds of Linings, Braids, Domestics, Draperies, Odd Lace Curtains, Ribbons, Table Cloths, &c.

Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Capes, Collarettes, Furs, &c., at cost and less than cost.

Don't fail to attend this sale.

BARGAINS

In a few Men's and Boy's Overcoats and Mackintoshes.

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 'Phone 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. jan 13 tf